

Arbutus Properties | 1370 Stewart Street | Recommendation Meeting 2 | July 7, 2021 | SDCI Project # 3033060-LU



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# 01. Design

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## **01.1 : Design** / Context: A pivot point in the City grid



### **01.1 : Design** / Context: Soft edges as neighborhood gateway



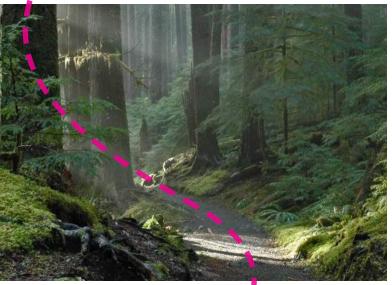
### **O1.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm / landscape concept



LOWLAND PRAIRIE

### LANDSCAPE CONCEPT

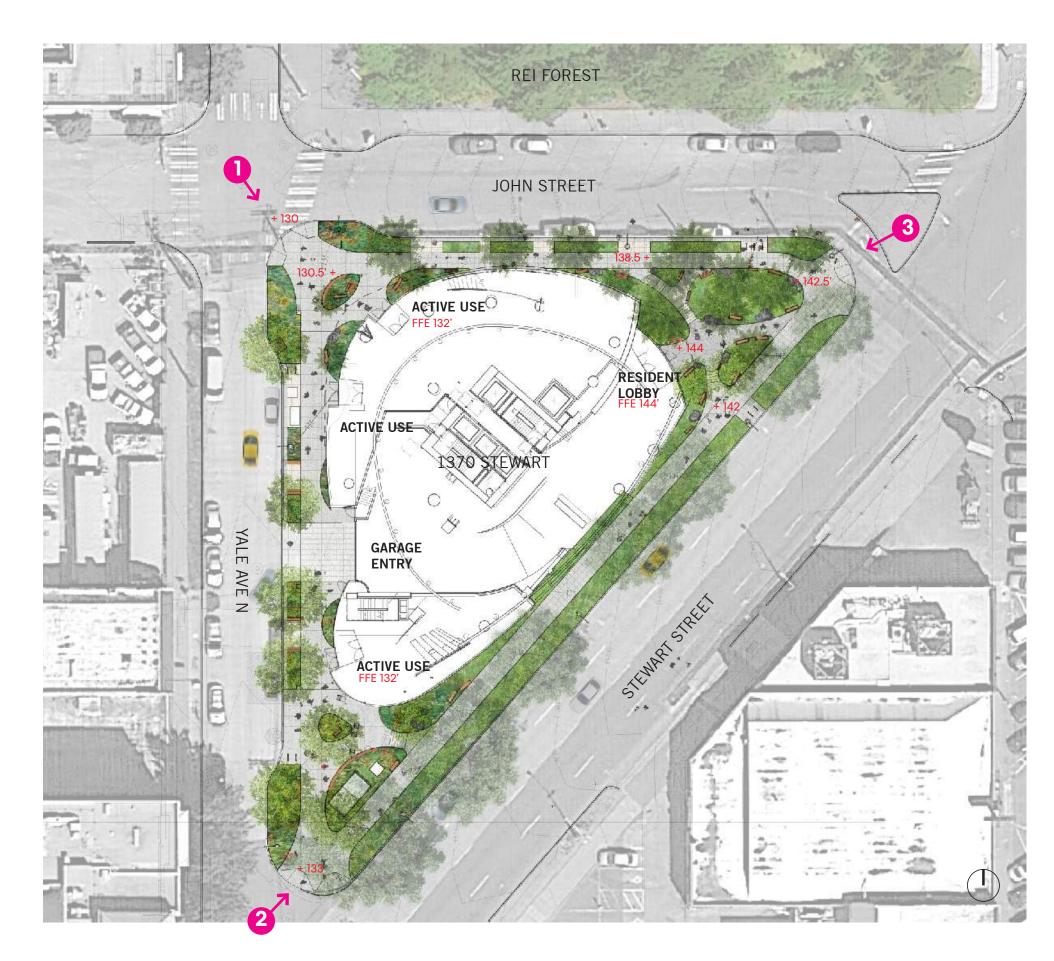
The landscape concept is based on distinct landscapes found in the PNW: Upland Forest and Lowland Prairies. The planting palette has been designed to compliment the REI landscape focused PNW natives along with a selection of plants that are adapted to the future climate of the region. The journey around the site will offer pedestrians with a series of rooms that will provide opportunities for experiencing the diversity of the PNW ecology. Pedestrians invited on a journey through an lowland prairie landscape planting along YALE AVE Nreet that transitions to an upland forest aesthetic as the site rises at the corner of John and Stewart.



### UPLAND FOREST



### **01.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm / landscape concept





View at the corner of Yale and John. The podium and landscape design focuses on active street level uses, public seating and gathering spaces, and an immersive landscape experience based on lowland prairie plantings.



2 View at the corner of Yale and Stewart. The corner is a gateway to YALE AVE Nreet focused on pedestrian amenities and street level uses. A wide landscape buffer along Stewart preserves existing Sweetgum trees and buffers the busy arterial.

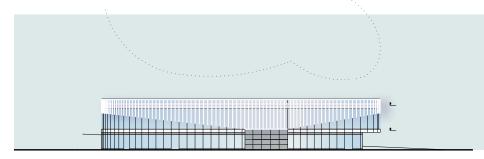


**3** View at the corner of Stewart and John. The corner acts as the primary vehicular gateway for vehicles entering downtown from I-5 and pedestrians and cyclists from Capitol Hill. An upland forest reinforces the adjacent REI landscape.

### **O1.1 : Design** / Podium Concept: pavilions in a park

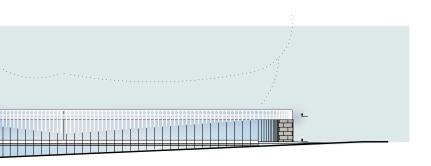


### **O1.1 : Design** / Podium Concept: Pavilions in a park





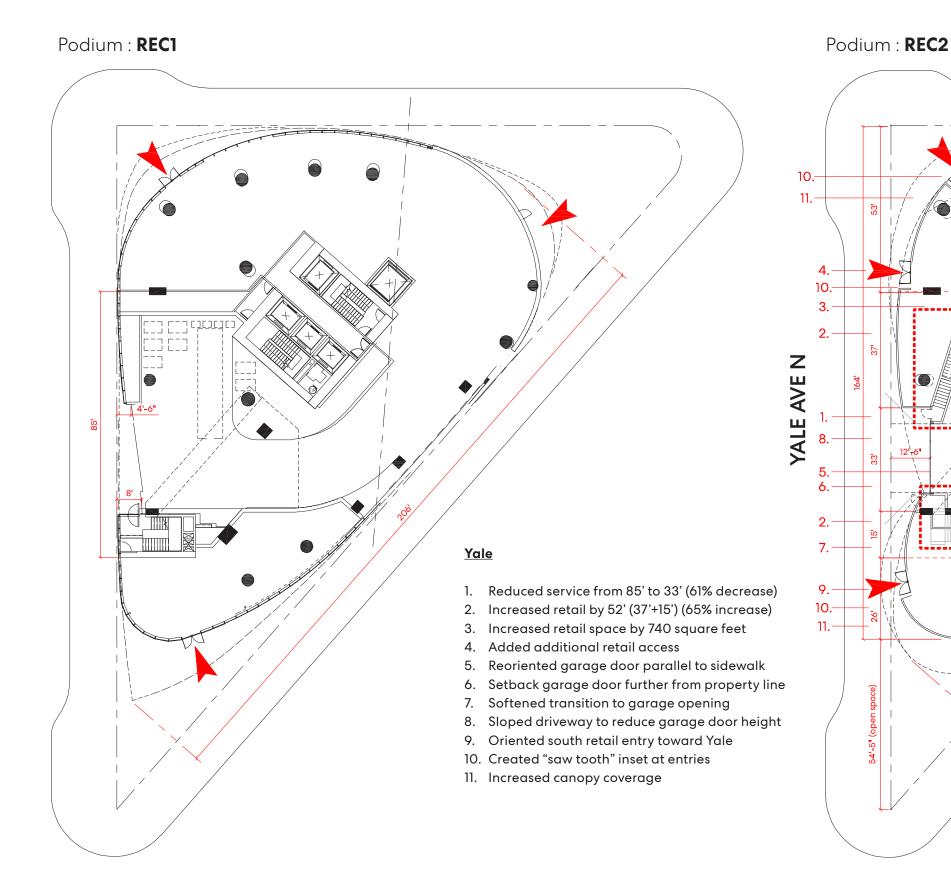




### **O1.1 : Design** / Podium design response to REC1 : plan & program

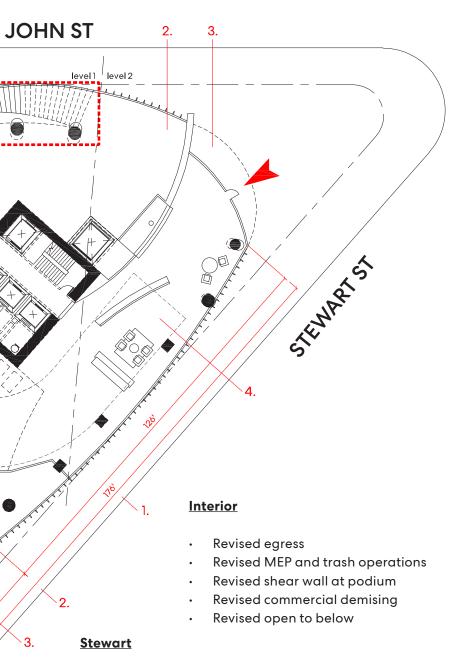
#### <u>John</u>

- 1. Increased height of glass line on John (2 stories), added interior stair 2. Extended commercial space further east

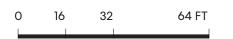


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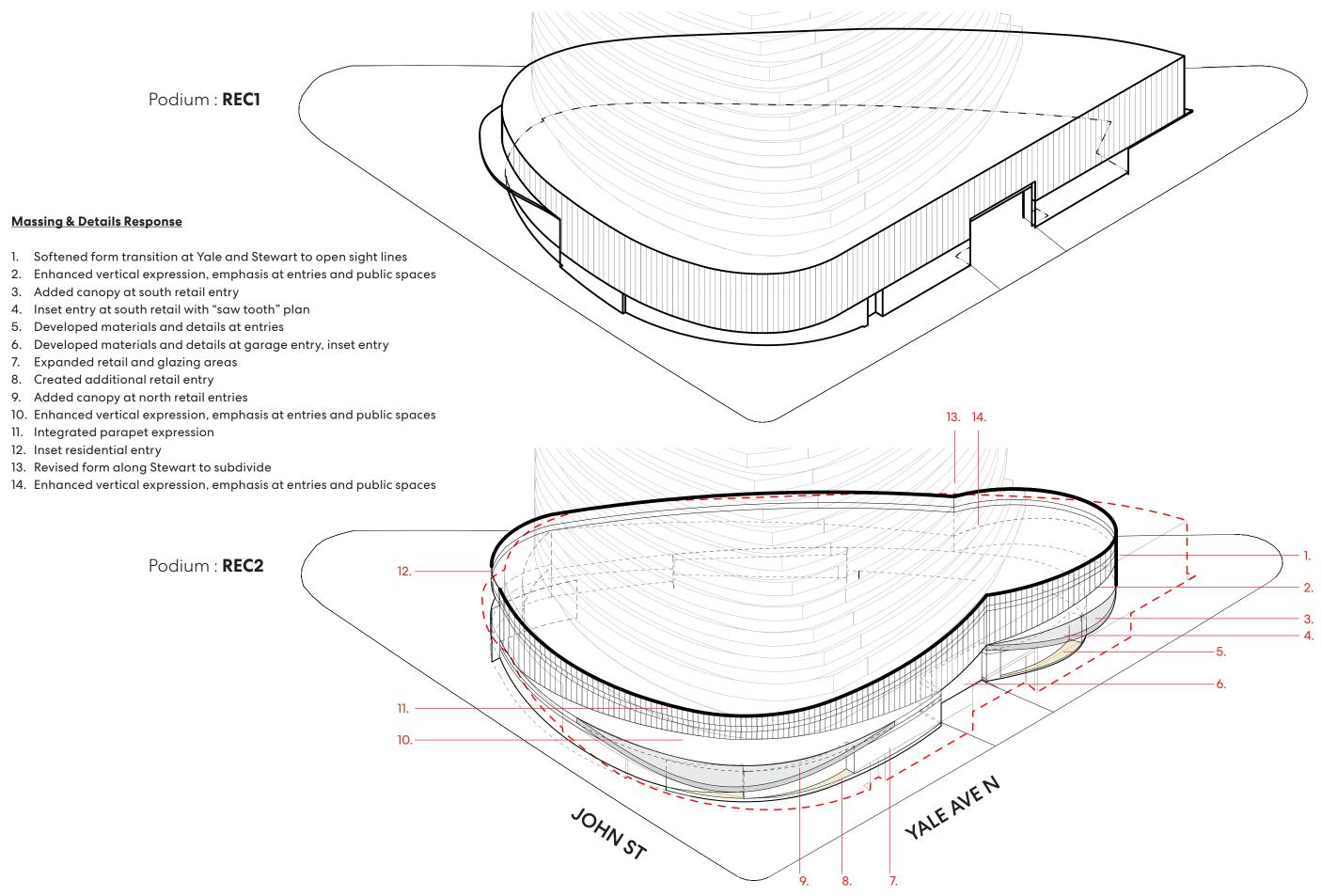


- 1. Reduced overall length of facade from 206' to 176'
- 2. Subdivided reduced facade (176') into 1/3:2/3
- 3. Softened form transition to Yale open sight lines
- 4. Programmed level 2 on Stewart with residential uses





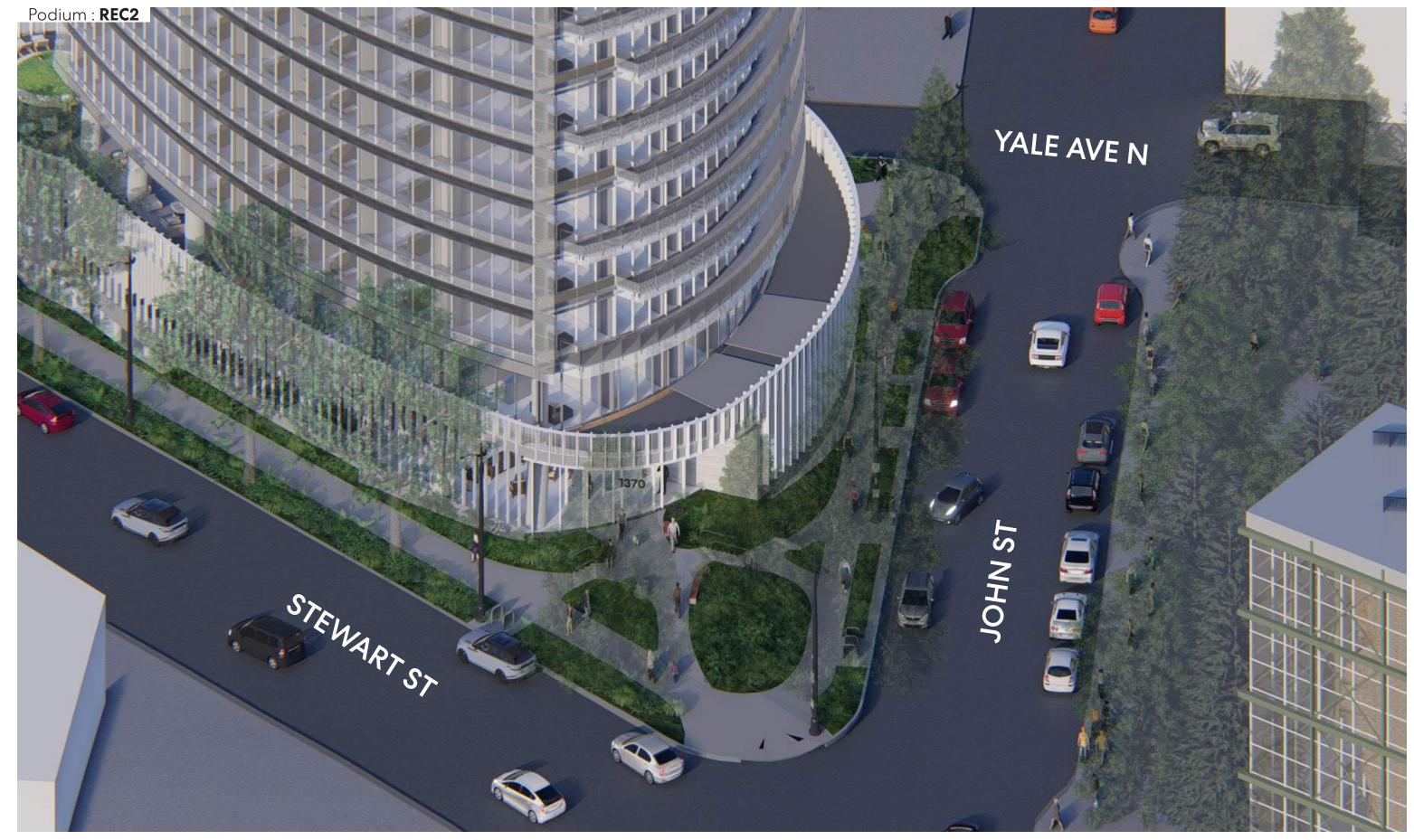
### **O1.1 : Design** / Podium design response to REC1 : massing and details



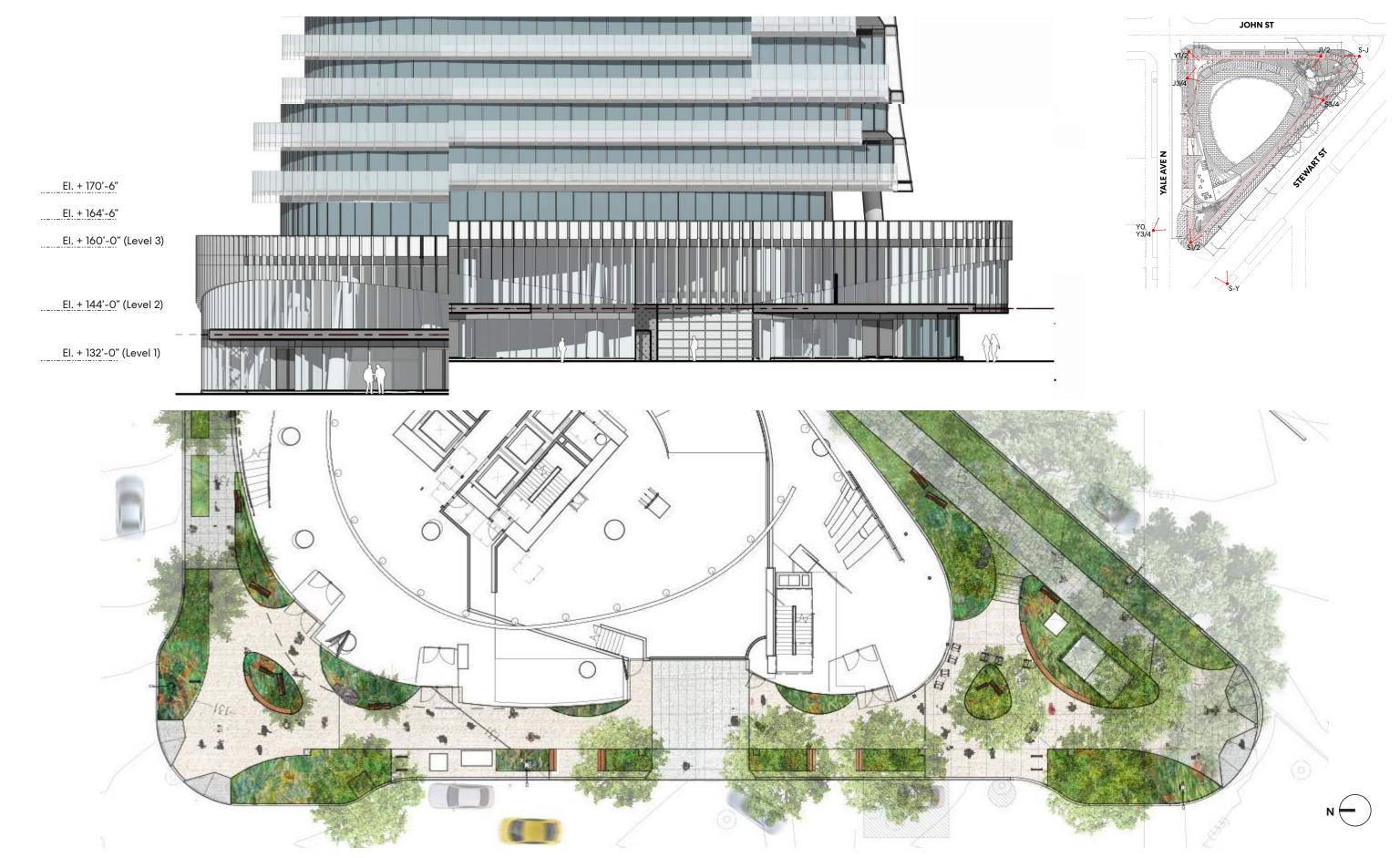
## **O1.1 : Design** / Podium design REC2 Overview on Yale and Stewart



### **O1.1 : Design** / Podium design REC2 Overview on Stewart and John



### **01.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **Yale Avenue North**



## **01.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **Yale Avenue North**



### **Ol.1 : Design /** Podium : **Yale Avenue North and John Street**



## **01.1 : Design** / Entry detail : **Yale Avenue North**



## **01.1 : Design** / Podium Elevation: **Yale Avenue North**



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### **01.1 : Design /** Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **Yale Avenue North**





#### CS2: Urban pattern and form

- Open spaces and sculptural form create inviting neighborhood gateway
- Corner uses enhance activation of public spaces and highlight entries
- Boutique scale podium is a welcome relief among overly boxy buildings

#### CS2-4: Relationship to the block

- Full block public realm concept creates "curb to curb" revitalization
- Open spaces at every corner
- Program and design visually activates all frontages
- Full story height of grade change is seamlessly managed and expressed

#### CS3: Architectural context and character

- Innovative design contributes to neighborhood character
- · Celebration of corner and sculptural form relate to context
- · Garage access minimized and integrated to increase pedestrian friendliness

#### PL1: Network of open spaces

- Open space response is substantial in quality and quantity
- Landscape and hardscape create a unified high quality pedestrian experience

#### PL2: Walkability

- Thoughtful design of public realm finishes, furnishings, plantings, lighting
- Destination retail venues with engaging outdoor areas
- Integration of garage access creates pedestrian friendly experience along Yale

#### **PL3: Street-level interaction**

- Continuous glass line completely uninterrupted by structure
- All primary uses engage street level, even with full story height of grade change

**Y2** 

• Multiple points of entry along Yale activate street frontage

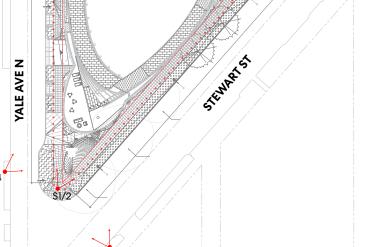
#### DC1-B: Project uses and activities - vehicular access and circulation

Fully integrated and detailed architecturally to create a pleasant experience

#### DC2-2: Pedestrian scale

- Continuous datum between Levels 1 and 2 expresses topography and provides scale
- Undulating fully glazed street wall creates sense of place at pedestrian scale
- Horizontal banding of canopies and louver zone provides scale
- Wood doors create distinction and scale
- Plan modulation at entries (saw tooth plan) provides scale
- Signage, lighting, site furnishings, exterior paving, and plantings provides scale
- Vertical projections create a visual transition from pedestrian scale to podium scale
- Generous canopies and soffits at cantilevers create covered open space





### **01.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **Yale Avenue North**





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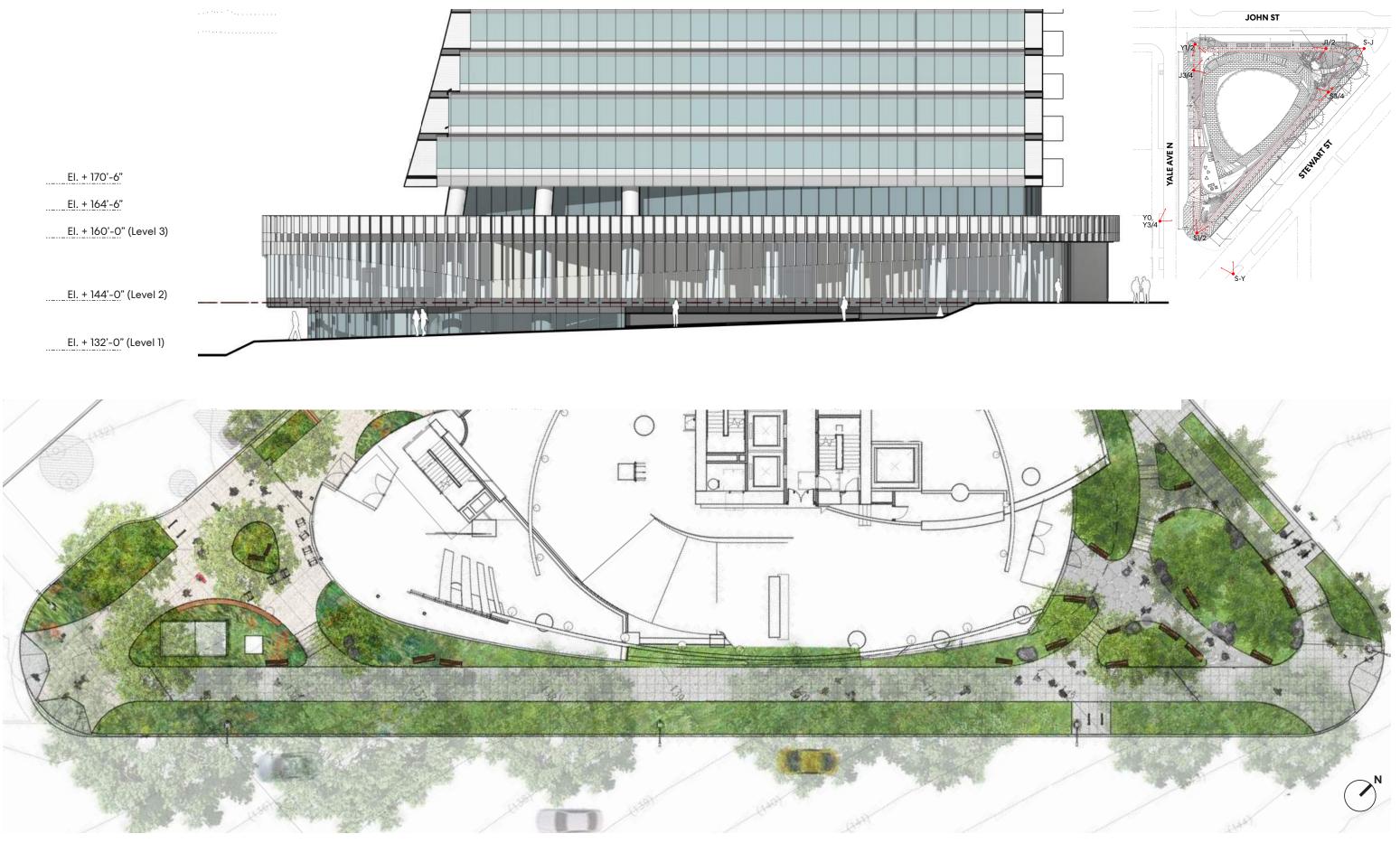
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### **Ol.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **Stewart Street**



### **01.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **Stewart Street**



## **Ol.1 : Design** / Podium Elevation : **Stewart Street**





### **01.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **Stewart Street**



### **S1** Priority Design Guidelines

#### CS2: Urban pattern and form

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**S2** 

Multiple points of entry along Yale activate street frontage

#### DC1-B: Project uses and activities - vehicular access and circulation

Fully integrated and detailed architecturally to create a pleasant experience

#### DC2-2: Pedestrian scale

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- Undulating fully glazed street wall creates sense of place at pedestrian scale
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**S4** 

#### **Priority Design Guidelines**

#### CS2: Urban pattern and form

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#### CS2-4: Relationship to the block

- Full block public realm concept creates "curb to curb" revitalization
- Open spaces at every corner
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- Multiple points of entry along Yale activate street frontage

#### DC1-B: Project uses and activities - vehicular access and circulation

• Fully integrated and detailed architecturally to create a pleasant experience

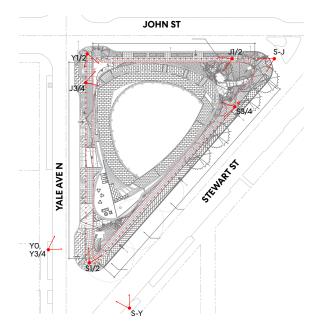
#### DC2-2: Pedestrian scale

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### **01.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **John Street**







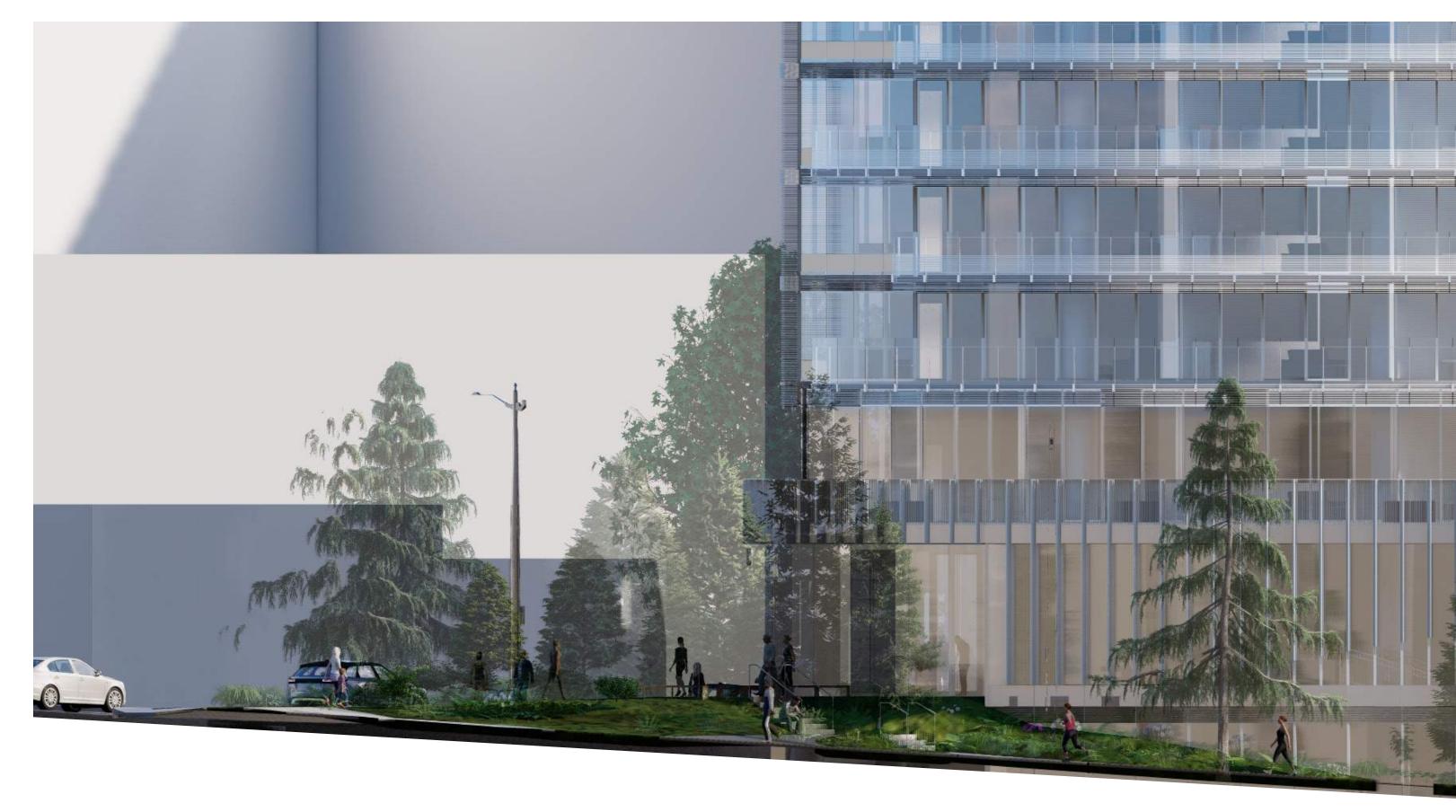
El. + 132'-0" (Level 1)



## **01.1 : Design** / Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **John Street**

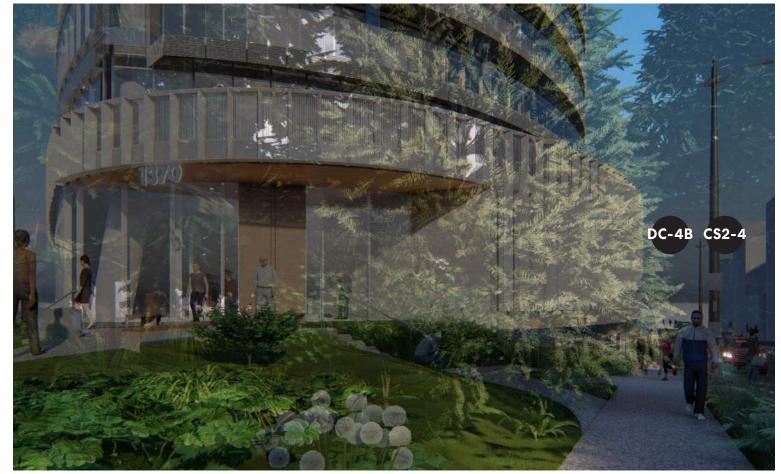


## **Ol.1 : Design** / Podium Elevation : **John Street**





### **01.1 : Design /** Site, Podium & Public Realm Concept : **John Street**





#### CS2: Urban pattern and form

- Open spaces and sculptural form create inviting neighborhood gateway
- Corner uses enhance activation of public spaces and highlight entries
- Boutique scale podium is a welcome relief among overly boxy buildings

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- Full block public realm concept creates "curb to curb" revitalization
- Open spaces at every corner
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#### CS3: Architectural context and character

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#### PL3: Street-level interaction

- Continuous glass line completely uninterrupted by structure
- All primary uses engage street level, even with full story height of grade change

**J2** 

Multiple points of entry along Yale activate street frontage

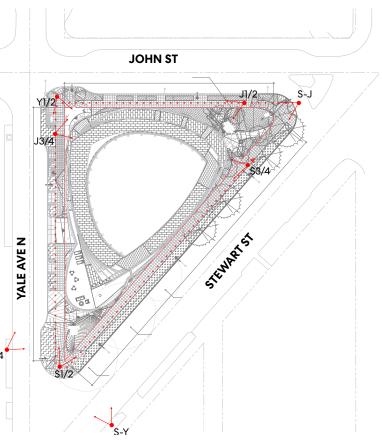
#### DC1-B: Project uses and activities - vehicular access and circulation

Fully integrated and detailed architecturally to create a pleasant experience

#### DC2-2: Pedestrian scale

- Continuous datum between Levels 1 and 2 expresses topography and provides scale
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**J3** Priority Design Guidelines

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#### **PL3: Street-level interaction**

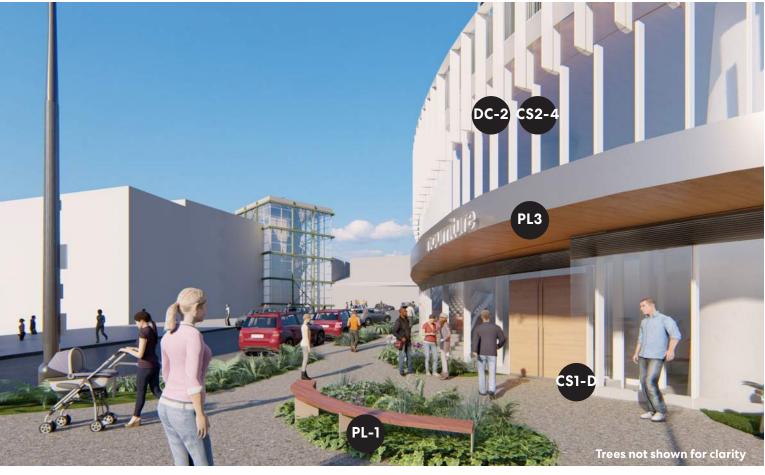
- Continuous glass line completely uninterrupted by structure
- All primary uses engage street level, even with full story height of grade change
- Multiple points of entry along Yale activate street frontage

#### DC1-B: Project uses and activities - vehicular access and circulation

• Fully integrated and detailed architecturally to create a pleasant experience

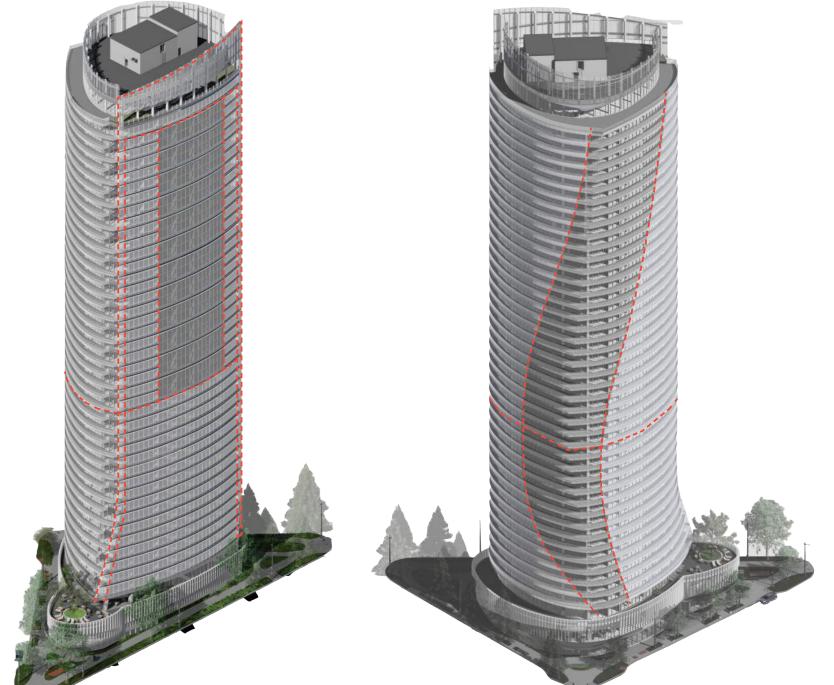
#### DC2-2: Pedestrian scale

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### **01.2 : Design /** Tower Intermediate Scale



#### DC2.4 Architectural Concept: Tall Buildings

**Citywide Guideline:** Develop an architectural concept that will result in a unified and functional design that fits well on the site and within its surroundings.

#### South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance

Tall buildings require additional design guidance since they are highly visible above typical 'fabric structures' and impact the public visual realm with inherently larger facade surfaces, bulk, and scale shifts.

c. Tall Form Design: Avoid long slabs and big, unmodulated boxy forms, which cast bigger shadows and lack scale or visual interest. Consider curved, angled, shifting and/or carved yet coherent forms. Shape and orient tall floorplates based on context, nearby opportunities and design concepts, not simply to maximize internal efficiencies. Modulation should be up-sized to match the longer, taller view distances.

**d. Intermediate Scales:** To mediate the extra height/scale, add legible, multi-story intermediate scale elements: floor groupings, gaskets, off-sets, projections, sky terraces, layering, or other legible modulations to the middle of tall forms. Avoid a single repeated extrusion from base to top.

e. Shape & Design All Sides: Because tall forms are visible from many viewpoints/ distances, intentionally shape the form and design all sides (even party walls), responding to differing site patterns and context relationships. Accordingly, not all sides may have the same forms or display identical cladding.

I.	Sculpted top
11. 111.	Sky terrace Penthouse
IV.	Upper 3/5:
	<ol> <li>floor groupings</li> <li>gaskets</li> </ol>

- 3. offsets
- 4. projections
- 5. layering
- 6. curved/shifting forms
- 7. responds to context
- 8. coherent concept
- 9. shape and design all sides
- 10. differentiation

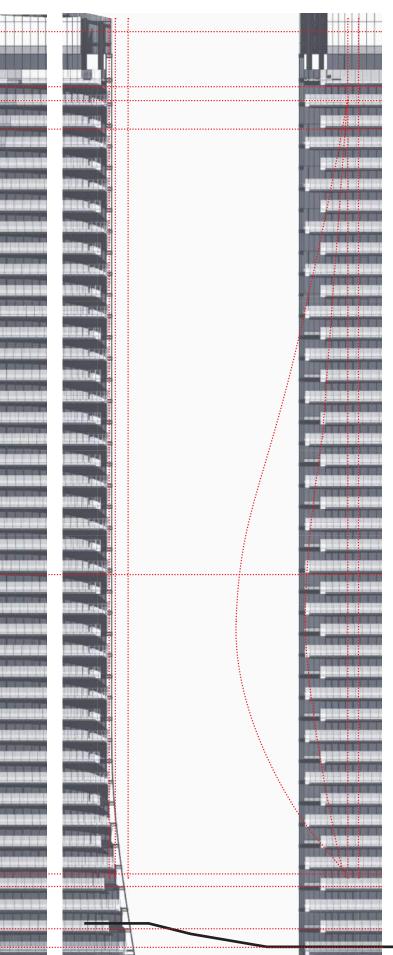
V.

#### Lower 2/5:

- 1. floor groupings
- 2. gaskets
- 3. offsets
- 4. projections
- 5. layering
- 6. curved/shifting forms
- 7. responds to context
- 8. coherent concept
- 9. shape and design all sides
- 10. differentiation

VI.	Gasket	 	
VII.	Pavilion		
VIII.	Plinth	 	

South	East	West



### **O1.2 : Design** / Tower Intermediate Scale : Looking west from Belmont



#### DC2.4 Architectural Concept: Tall Buildings

**Citywide Guideline:** Develop an architectural concept that will result in a unified and functional design that fits well on the site and within its surroundings.

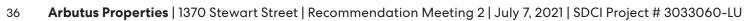
### South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance

Tall buildings require additional design guidance since they are highly visible above typical 'fabric structures' and impact the public visual realm with inherently larger facade surfaces, bulk, and scale shifts.

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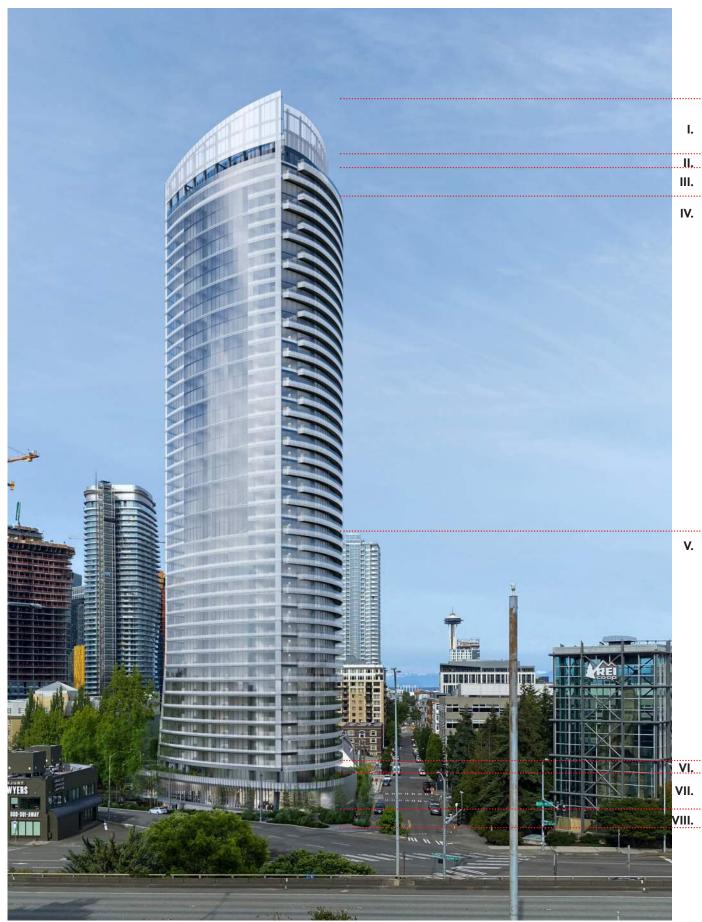
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# **Ol.2 : Design** / Tower Intermediate Scale : Looking east on John from Capitol Hill over I-5



•	Sculpted top													
•	Sky terrace Penthouse													
	Upper 3/5: 1. floor groupings													
	<ol> <li>floor groupings</li> <li>gaskets</li> <li>offsets</li> <li>projections</li> <li>layering</li> <li>curved/shifting forms</li> <li>responds to context</li> <li>coherent concept</li> <li>shape and design all sides</li> <li>differentiation</li> </ol>													

#### **V.** Lower 2/5:

- 1. floor groupings
- gaskets 2.
- offsets 3.
- projections 4.
- layering 5. curved/shifting forms 6.
- responds to context 7.
- coherent concept
   shape and design all sides
- 10. differentiation

#### Gasket

- Pavilion
- Plinth



# **O1.2 : Design /** Tower Intermediate Scale : Looking east on John



#### DC2.4 Architectural Concept: Tall Buildings

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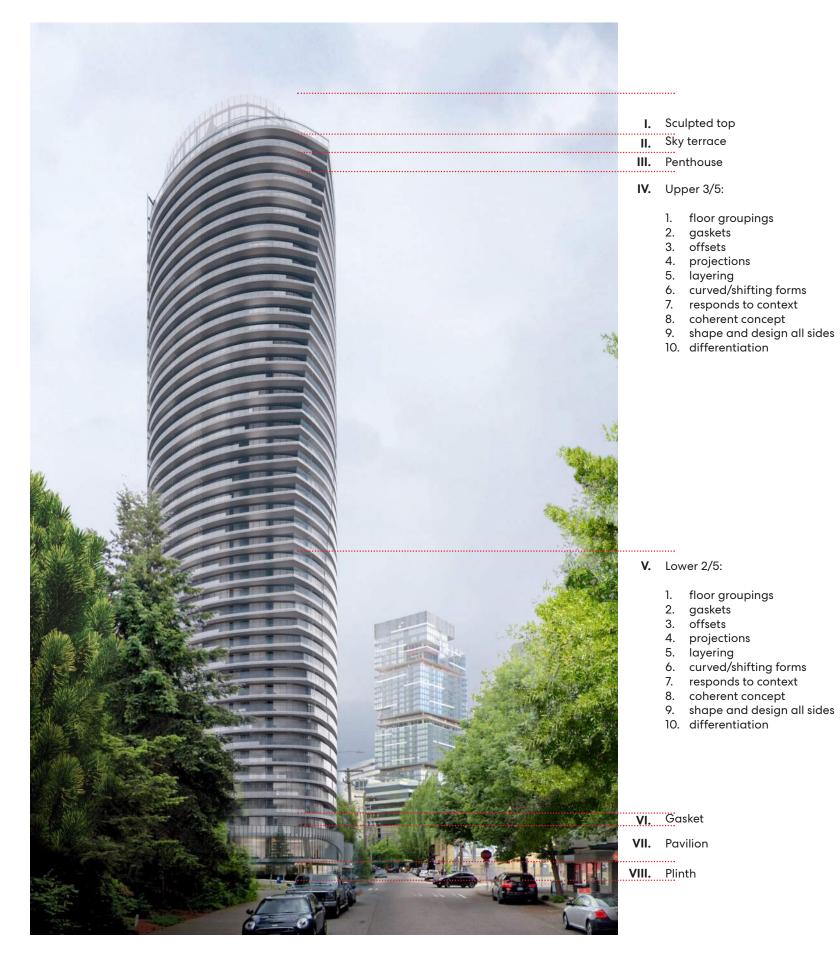
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# **O1.2 : Design** / Tower Intermediate Scale : Looking south on Yale





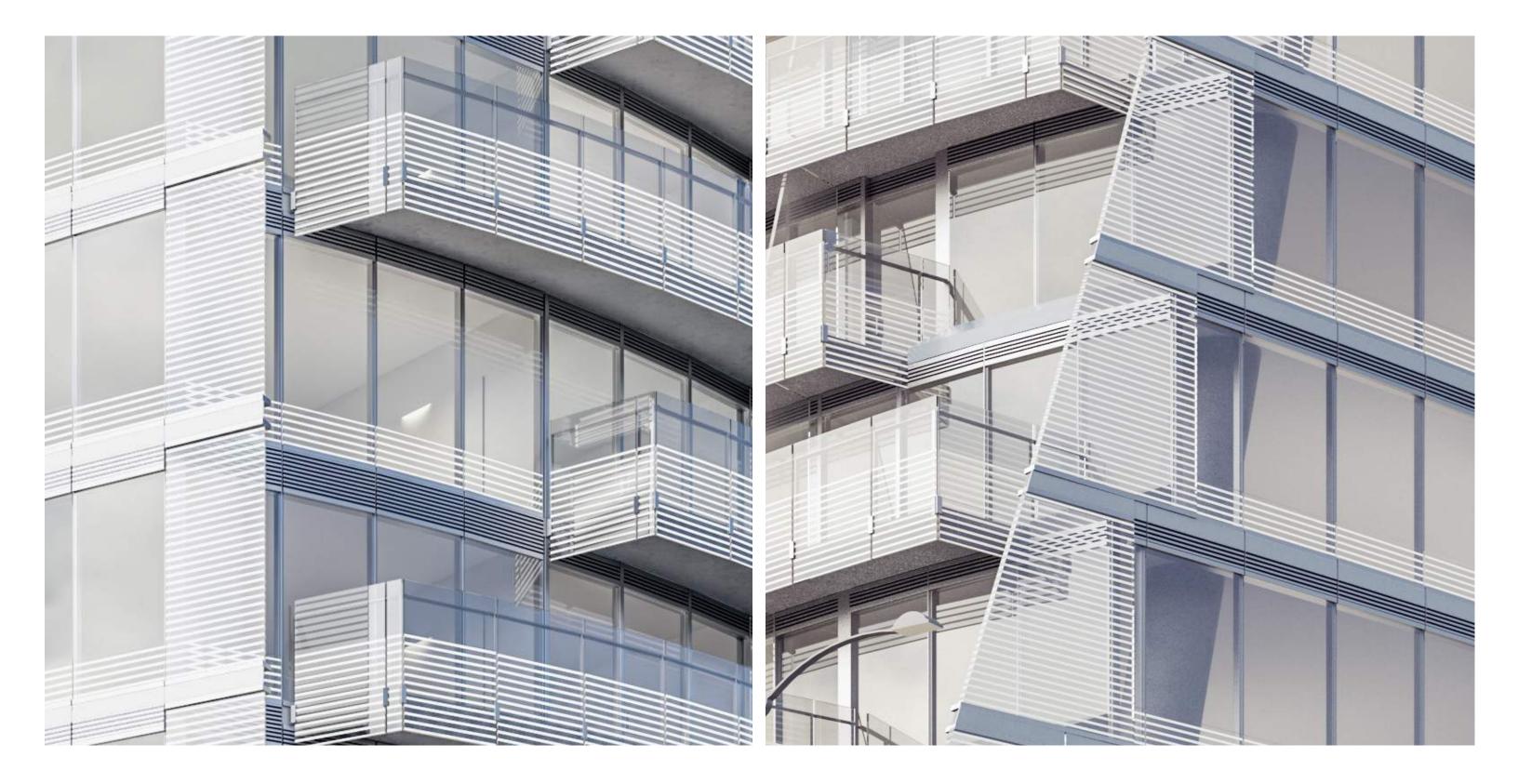
# **O1.2 : Design** / Tower Intermediate Scale : Looking north on Stewart



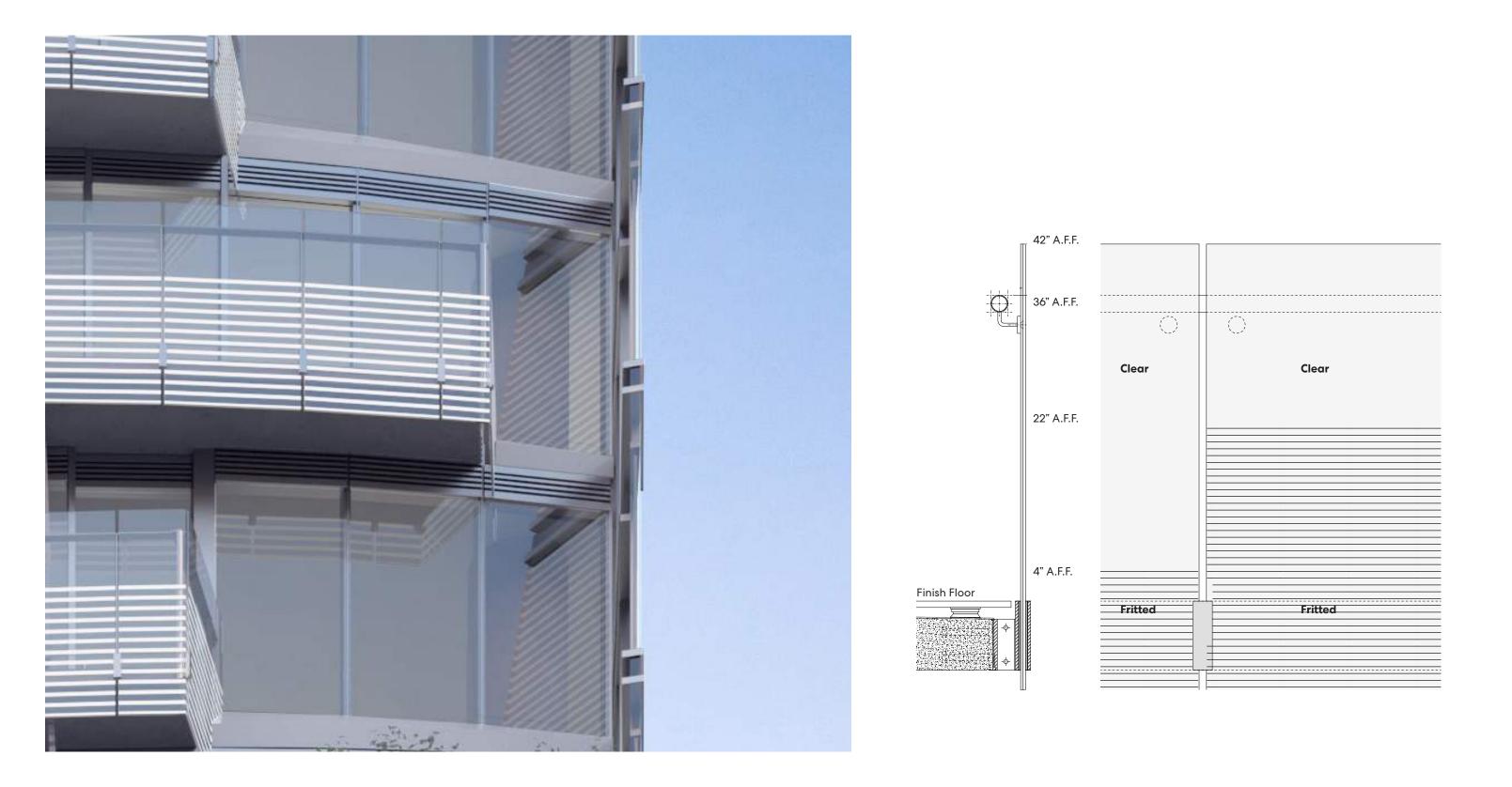
**O1.2 : Design** / Tower Intermediate Scale : differing lighting conditions



# **Ol.2 : Design** / Tower Intermediate Scale : balcony details and "fly by" at southeast (Stewart)



# **O1.2 : Design** / Tower Intermediate Scale : balcony details and "fly by" at southeast (Stewart)

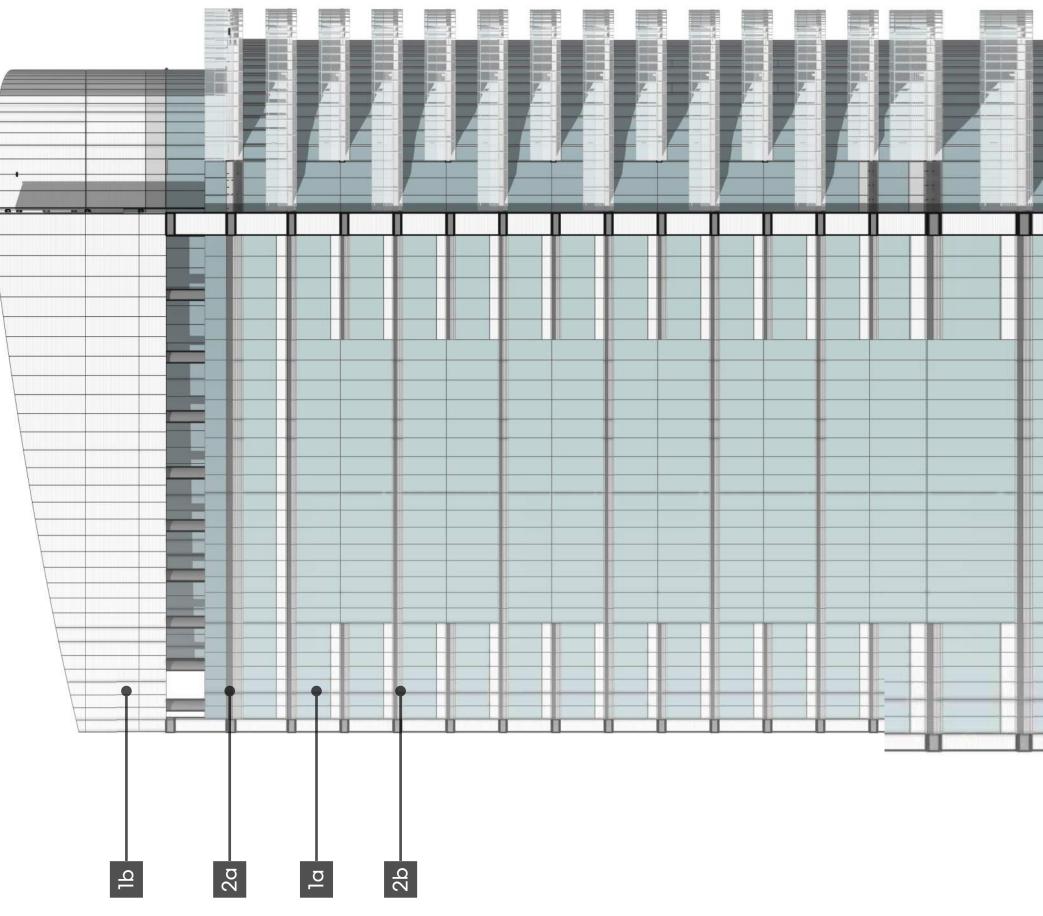


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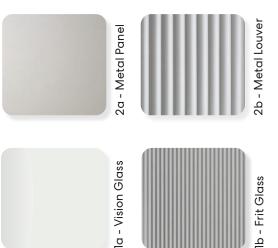
# 02. Appendix

- 1. Enlarged Tower Elevations
- 2. Materials Palette
- **3**. Tower Section
- 4. Landscape Details
- 5. Lighting Plan
- 6. Signage Plan
- 7. Shadow Studies
- 8. Plans
- 9. Departures

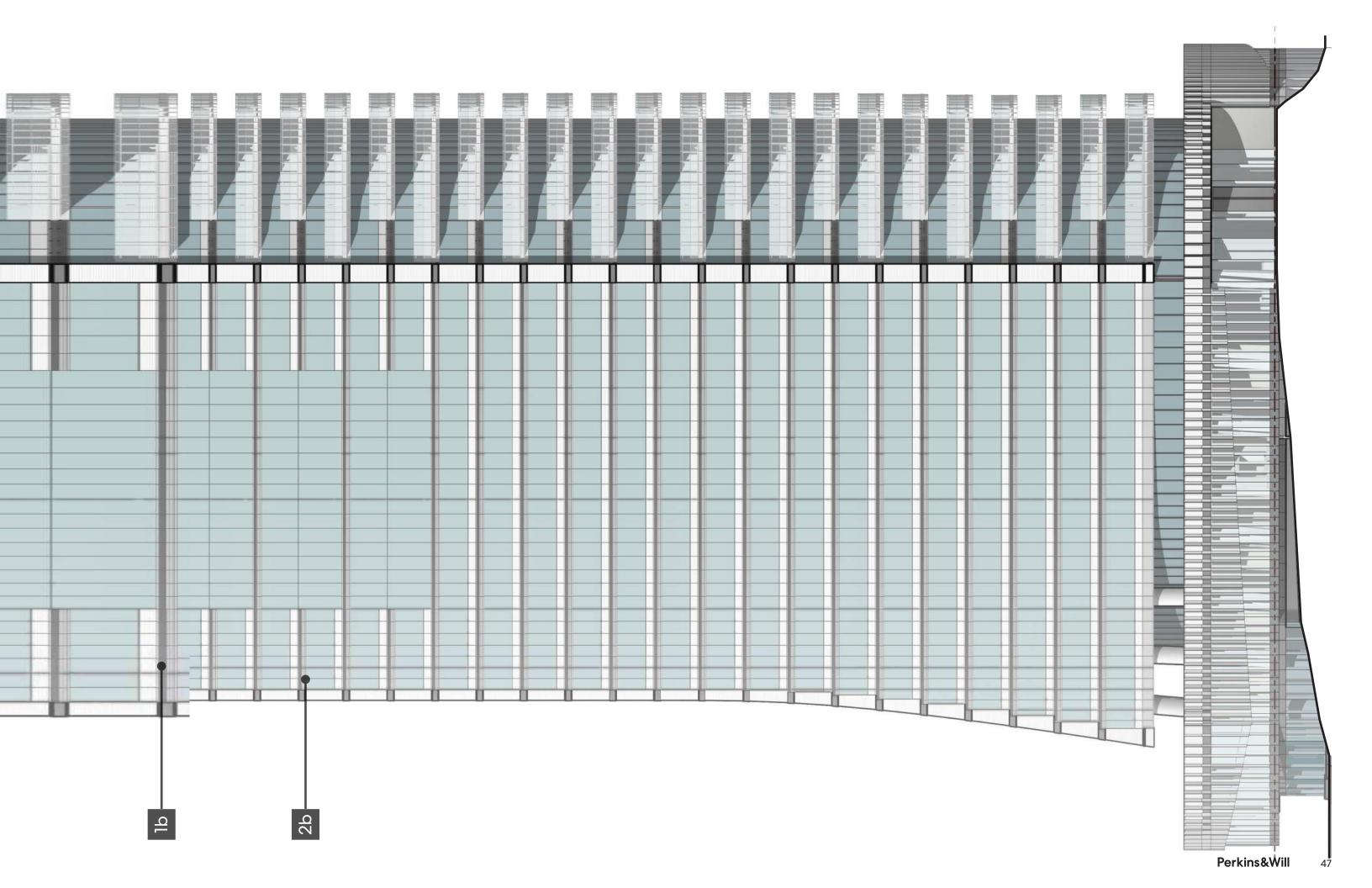
# **02.1 : Appendix** / Enlarged Tower Elevation: East



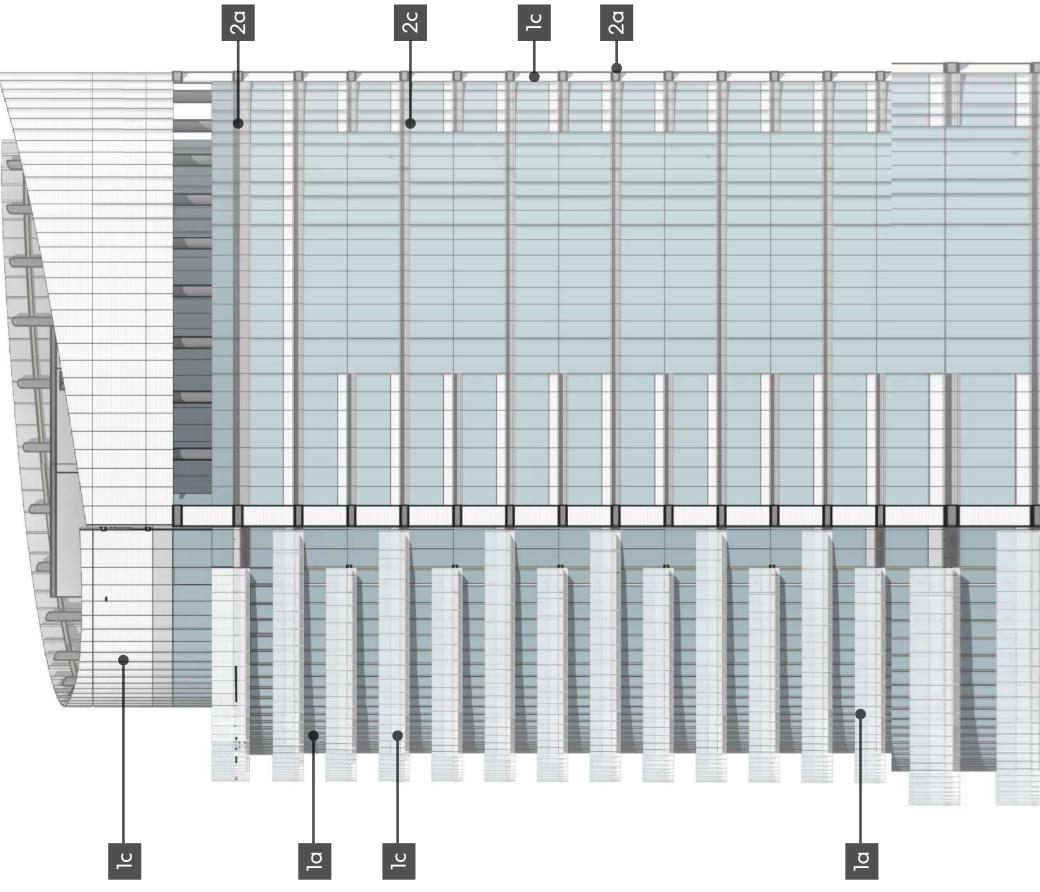


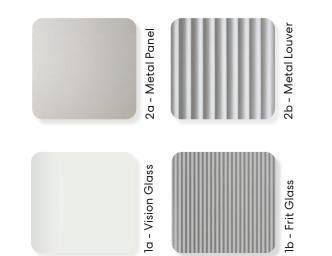


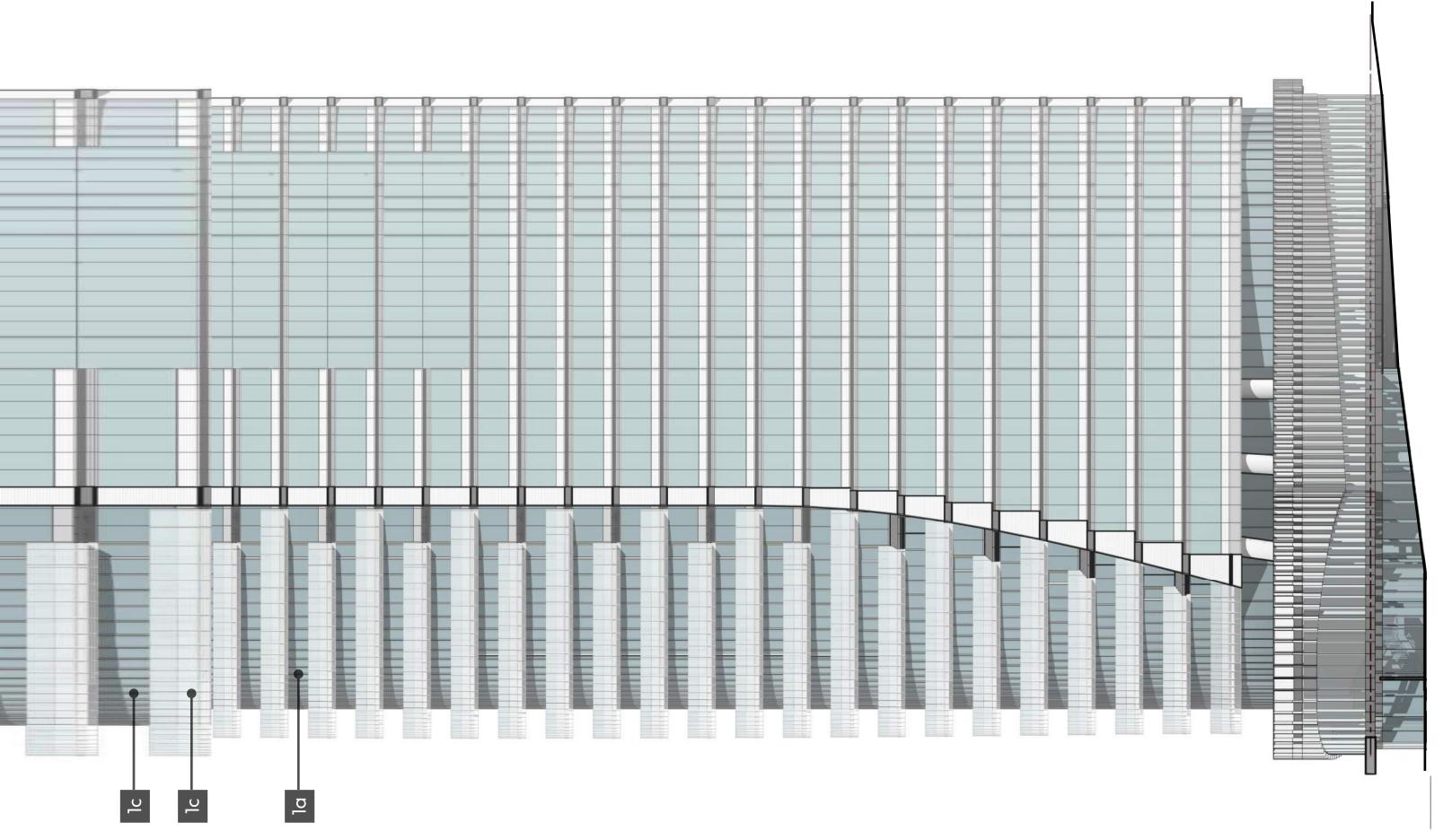
2



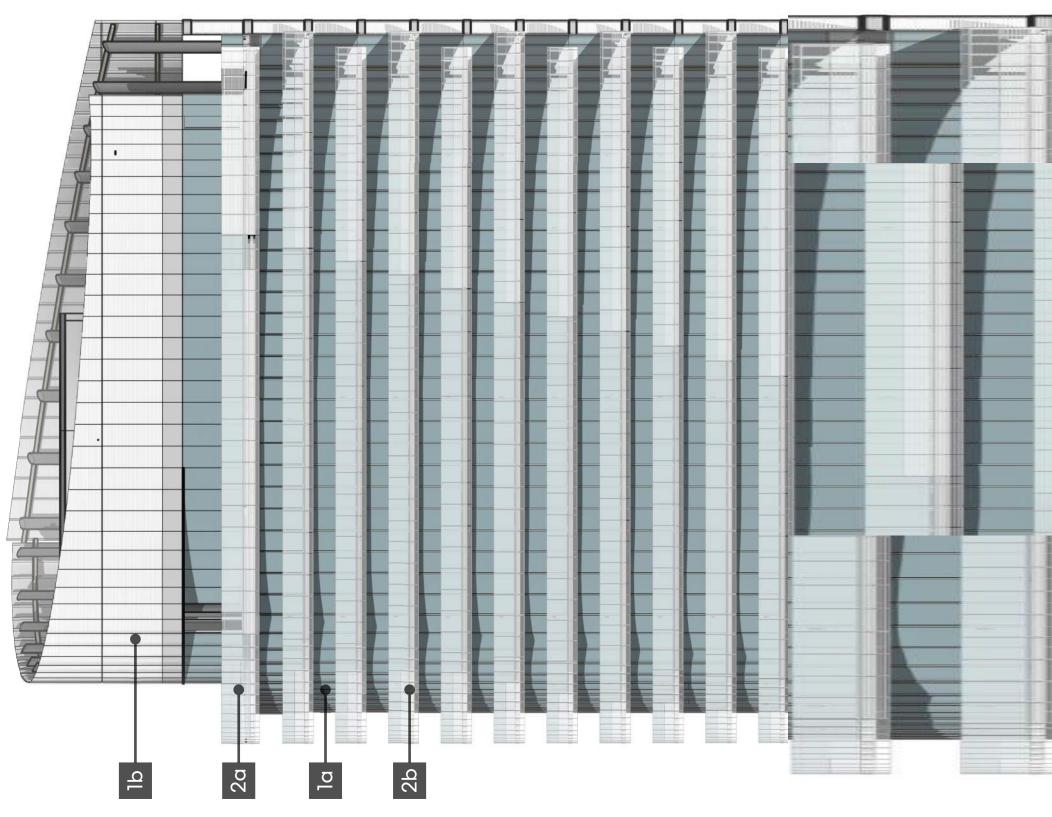
# **02.1 : Appendix** / Enlarged Tower Elevation: South



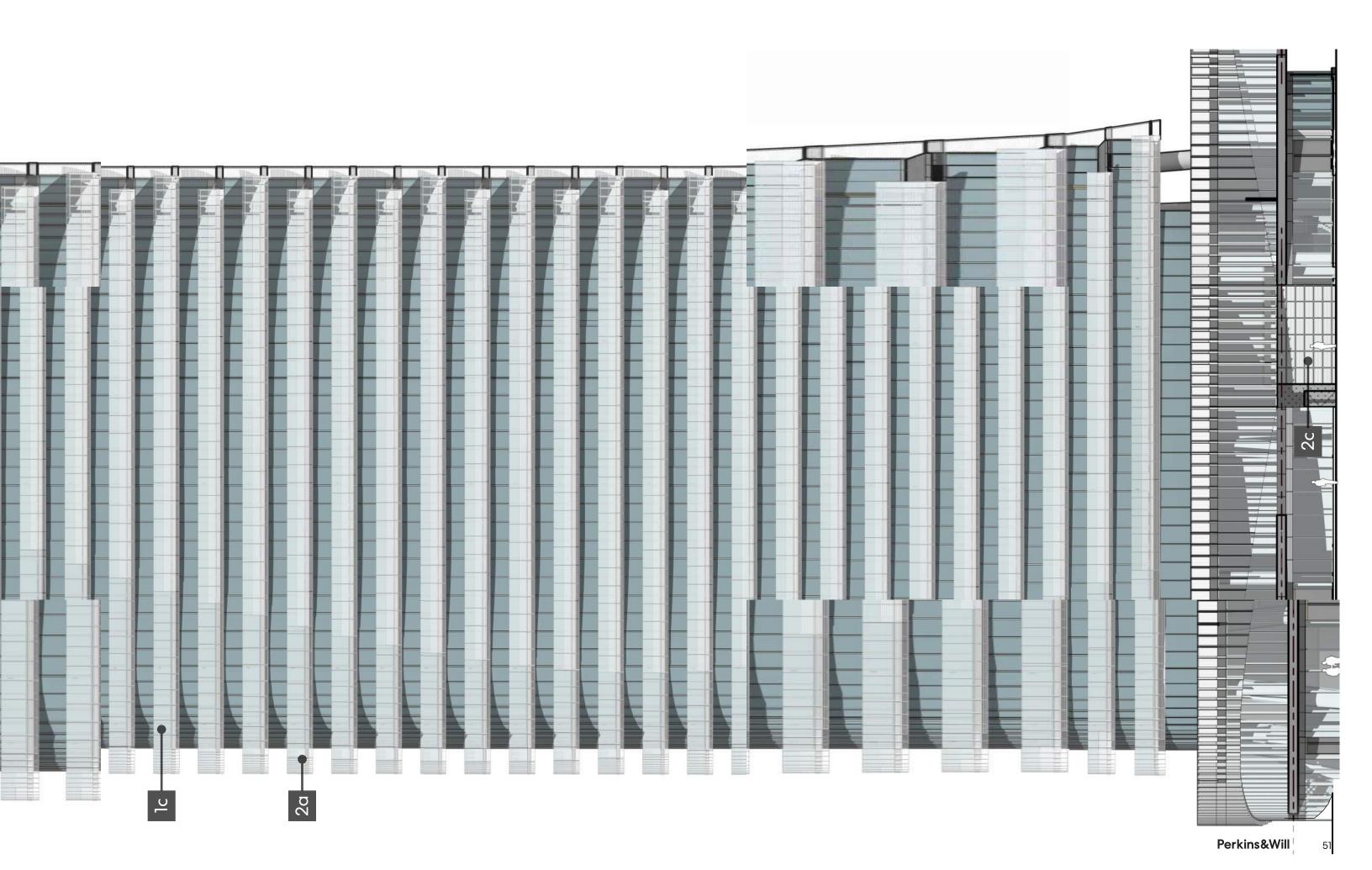




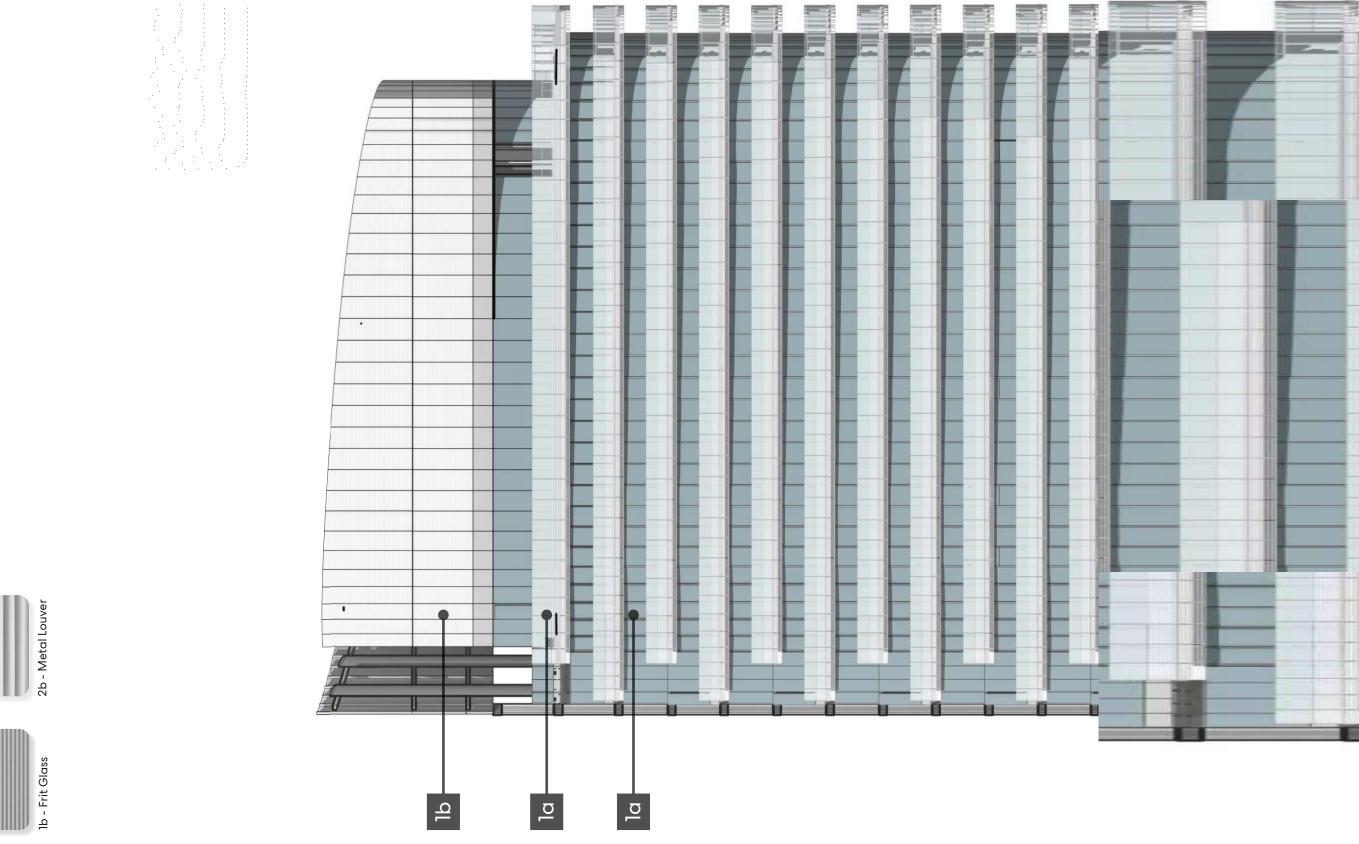
# **02.1 : Appendix** / Enlarged Tower Elevation: West



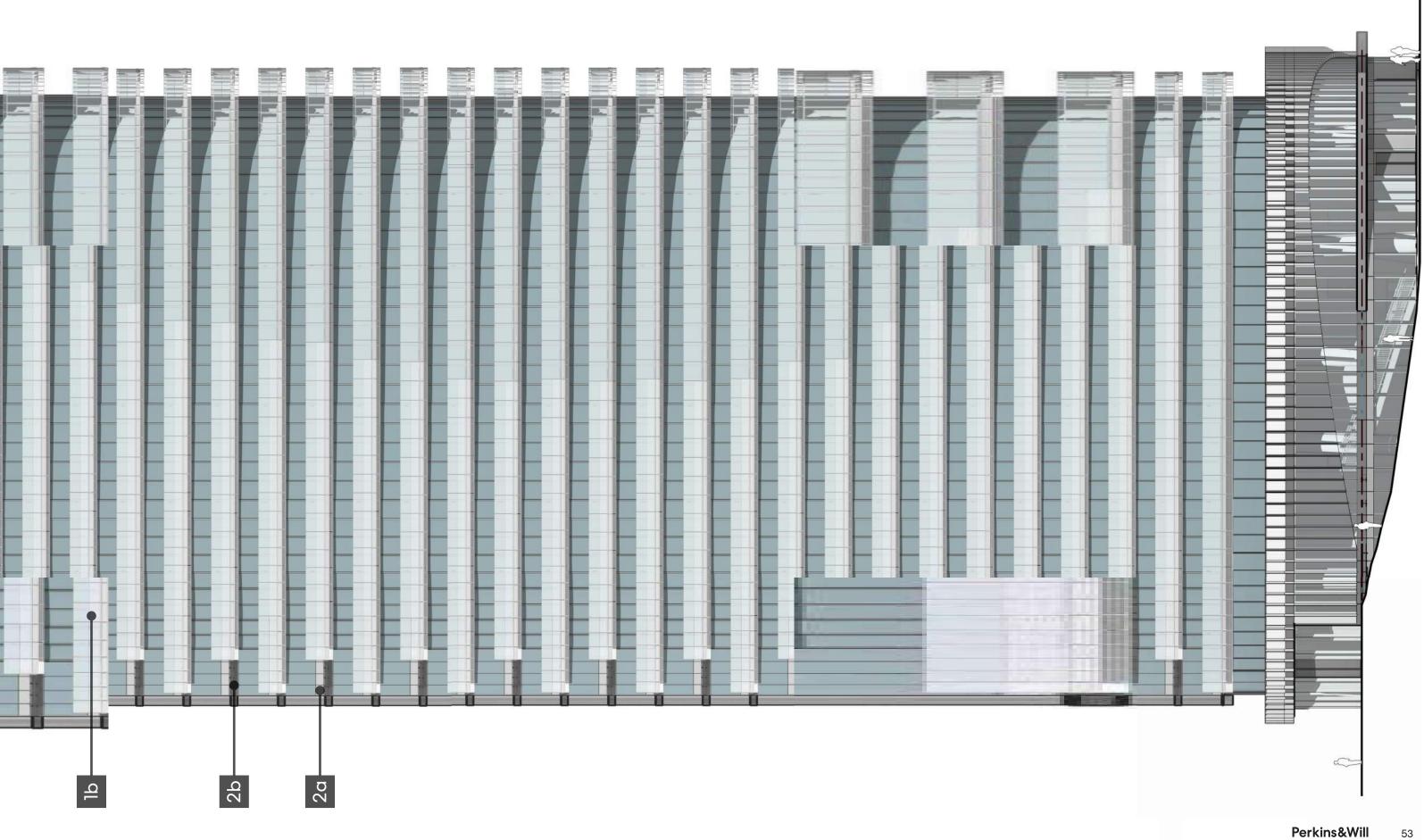




# **02.1 : Appendix /** Enlarged Tower Elevation: North







### **02.2 : Appendix /** Materials Pallette

### Design Intent: The sculptural complimented with light. Neut light metallic a of lighting conc respond to the weather, and a DC4.1 Design Concept: Exterior Elements & Cityvide Guideline: and finishes for the b

The sculptural architecture of the building is complimented by a restrained palette that plays with light. Neutral glass tones with white frit and light metallic accents will accentuate changes of lighting conditions throughout the day and respond to the ever changing qualities of light, weather, and atmosphere.

DC4.1 Design Concept: Exterior Elements & Finishes: Exterior Building Materials

Citywide Guideline: Use appropriate and high-quality elements and finishes for the building and its open spaces.

#### Swatches from drawing legend

#### Photographs of actual materials

00



1a - Vision Glass

2a - Metal Panel 3a - Stone

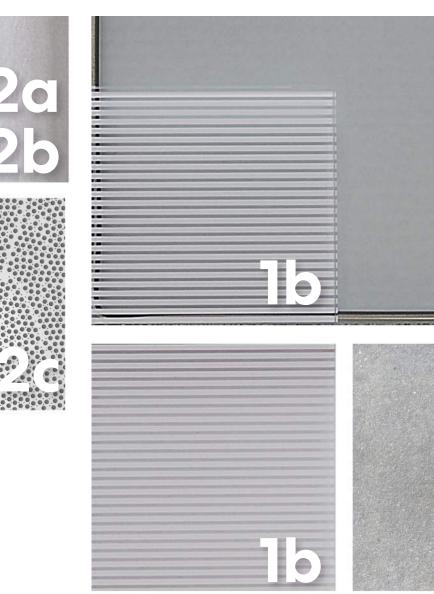


1b - Frit Glass



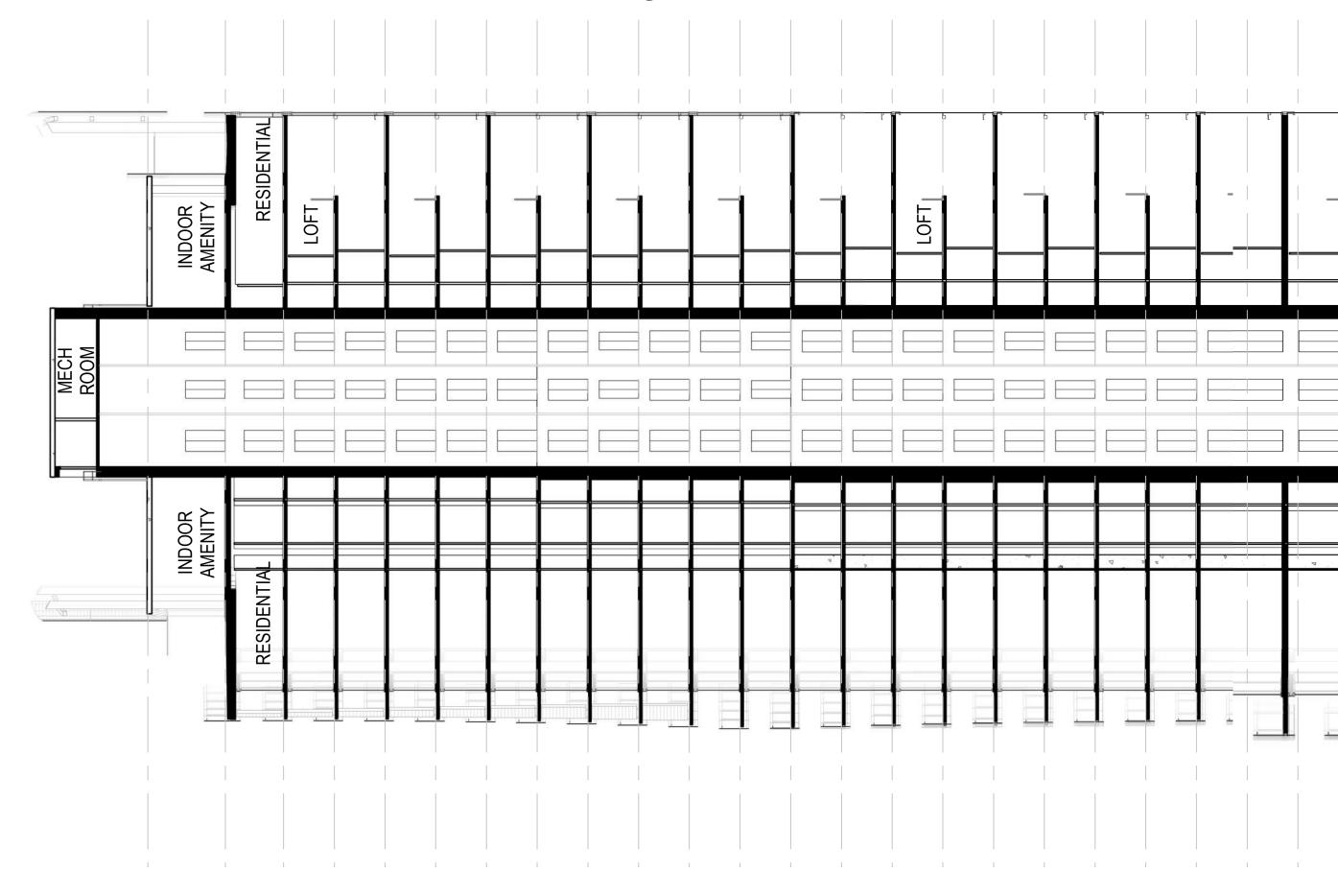


2c - Perforated Metal

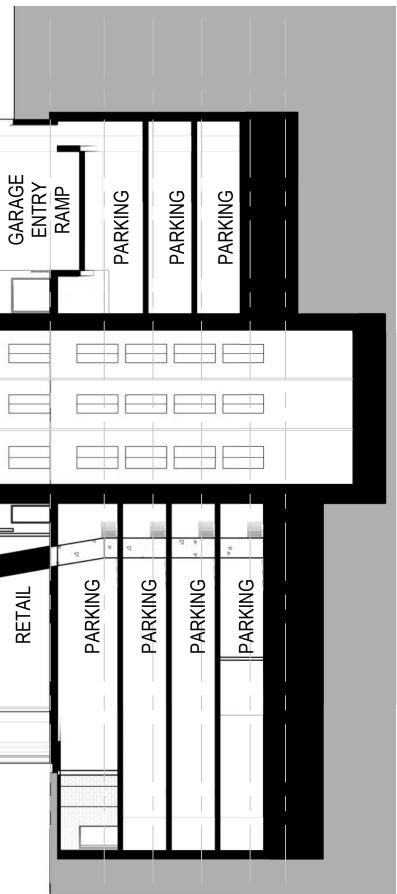




# **02.3:** Appendix / Tower Section (northwest to southeast showing lofts)

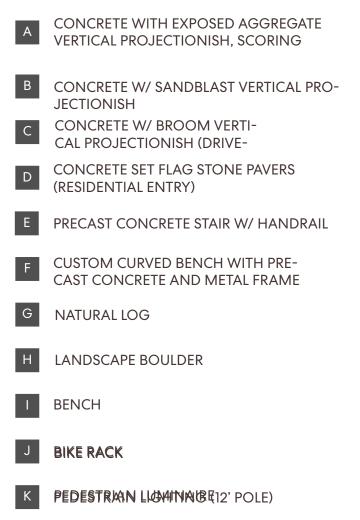


RESIDENTIAL									RESIDENTIAL LOBBY / RETAIL	GARAGE
RESIDENTIAL							4 4 4	RESIDENTIAL	RETAIL	

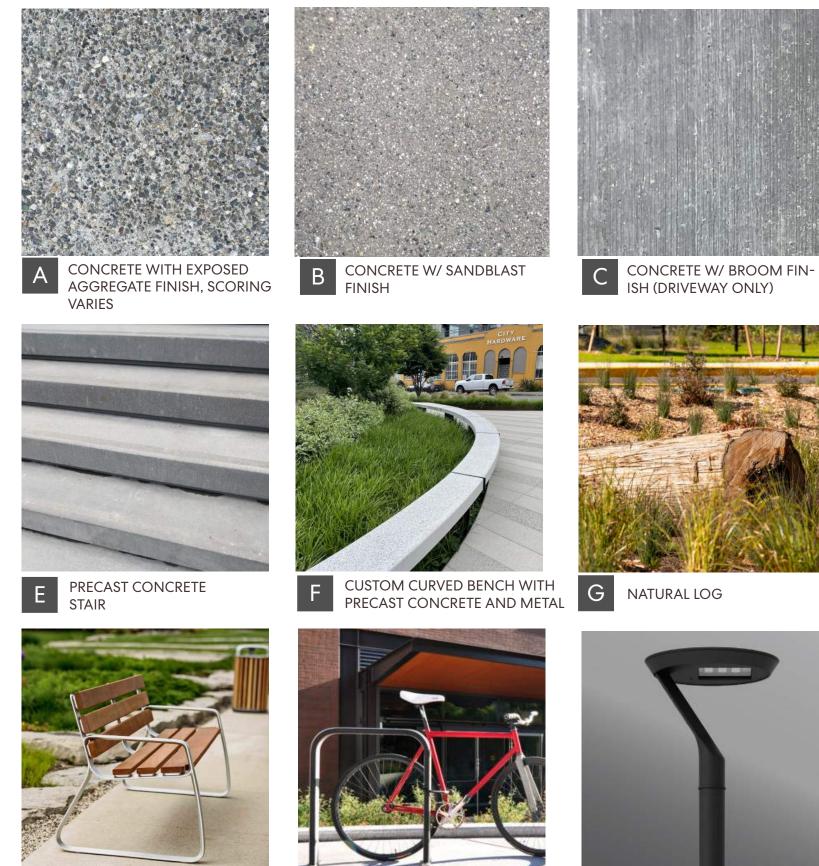


### **04 : LANDSCAPE MATERIALS PLAN**

### LEGEND



















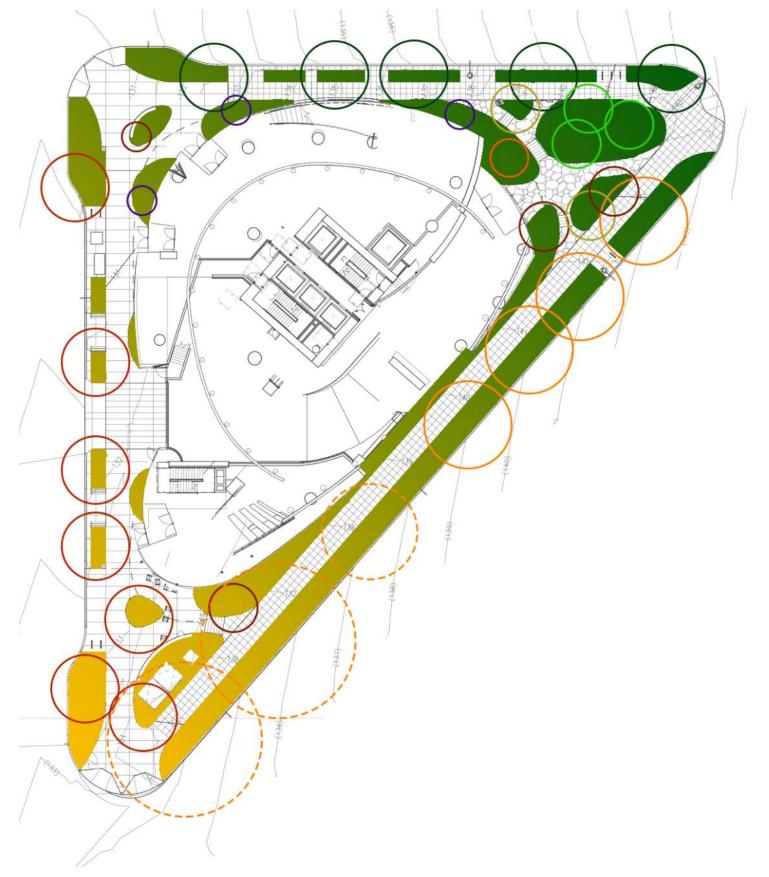
Η



FLAGSTONE PAVING (RESIDENTIAL ENTRY)

LANDSCAPE BOULDER

## **04 : LANDSCAPE PLANTING**



#### **TREE LIST**



 Tsuga mertensiana\* - Fraxinus latifolia\* Amelanchier alnifolia\* Rhamnus purshiana\* Sambucus cerulea\* Nyssa sylvatica Taxodium distichum - Liquidambar

### **UNDERSTRORY PLANT LIST**

Achillea millefolium\* Allium acuminatum\* Aquilegia formosa\* Arctostaphylos 'Austin Griffiths'+ Baccharis pilularis 'Pigeon Point'+ Balsamorhiza deltoidea\* Brodiaea coronaria\* Campanula rotundifolia\* Dichelostemma congestum\* Erigeron x 'WR'+ Eriophyllum lanataum\* Leymus triticoides 'lagunita' + Lomatium utriculatum\* Potentilla Gracilis\* Ranunculus occidentalis\* Sidalcea virgata\* Asarum caudatum\* Blechnum spicant\* Campanula rotundifolia\* Carex tumulicola\* Castilleja miniata\* Erythronium grandiflorum\* Geum macrophyllum\* Iris tenax\*

Lilium columbianum\* Penstemon serrulatus\* Polemonium carneum\* Polystichum munitum\* Quercus sadleriana\* Spiraea splendens\* Vaccinium ovatum\*

\* northwest native plants: plants currently considered native to the Pacific Northwest

+ future natives: plants that are well suited to urban conditions in the face of climate change

### TREES



FRAXINUS LATIFOLIA\*



AMELANCHIER ALNIFOLIA\*



RHAMNUS PURSHIANA\*

TSUGA MERTENSIANA\*

**STREET TREES** 



NYSSA SYLVATICA YALE AVENUE N



TAXODIUM DISTICHUM JOHN STREET



LIQUIDAMBAR STEWART STREET



SAMBUCUS CERULEA\*

### LOWLAND PLANT



LEYMUS TRITICOIDES 'LAGUNITA' +



ERIOPHYLLUM LANATAUM\*



LOMATIUM UTRICULATUM\*







**RANUNCULUS OCCIDENTALIS\*** 



AQUILEGIA FORMOSA\*



POTENTILLA GRACILIS\*



ACHILLEA MILLEFOLIUM\*



CAMPANULA ROTUNDIFOLIA\*



DICHELOSTEMMA CONGESTUM\*



ALLIUM ACUMINATUM\*



ARCTOSTAPHYLOS 'AUSTIN GRIF-FITHS'+



BACCHARIS PILULARIS 'PIGEON POINT'+



BRODIAEA CORONARIA\*

ERIGERON X 'WR'+



SIDALCEA VIRGATA\*

### **NATIVE PLANTS**

\* northwest native plants: plants currently considered native to the Pacific Northwest

+ future natives: plants that are well suited to urban conditions in the face of climate change



CAREX TUMULICOLA\*



POLYSTICHUM MUNITUM\*



SPIRAEA SPLENDENS\*







CASTILLEJA MINIATA\*



POLEMONIUM CARNEUM\*



QUERCUS SADLERIANA\*



VACCINIUM OVATUM\*





**IRIS TENAX\*** 



**GEUM MACROPHYLLUM\*** 



**ERYTHRONIUM GRANDIFLORUM\*** 



LILIUM COLUMBIANUM\*





PENSTEMON SERRULATUS\*

**BLECHNUM SPICANT\*** 

ASARUM CAUDATUM\*

### NATIVE PLANTS

\* northwest native plants: plants currently considered native to the Pacific Northwest

+ future natives: plants that are well suited to urban conditions in the face of climate change

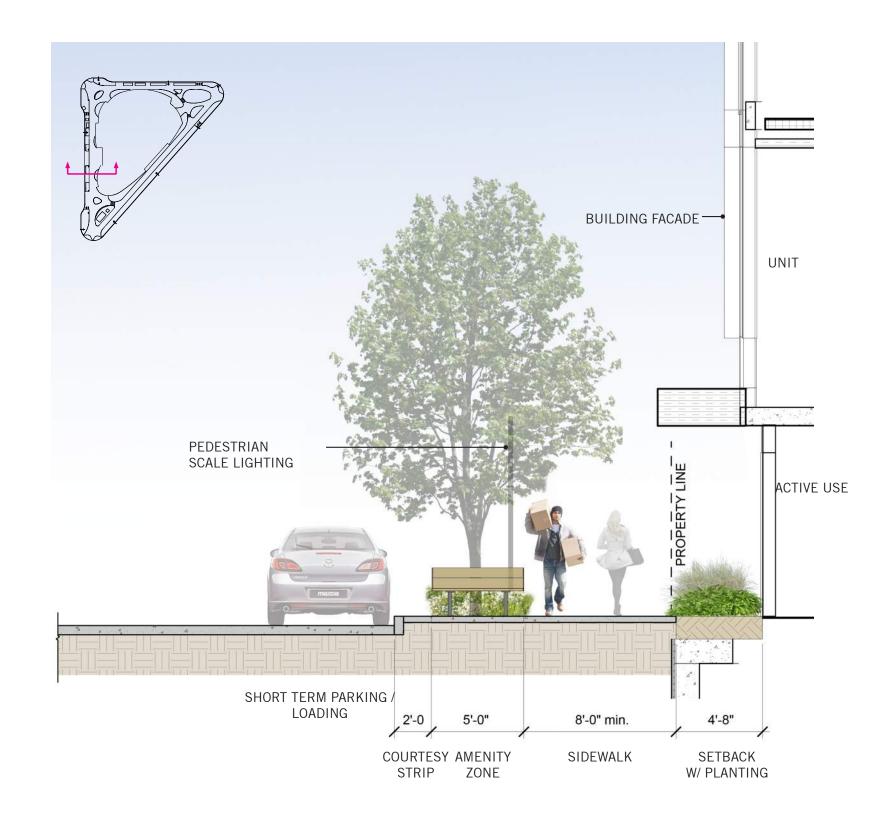
### **O4 : LANDSCAPE - YALE AVE NREET**



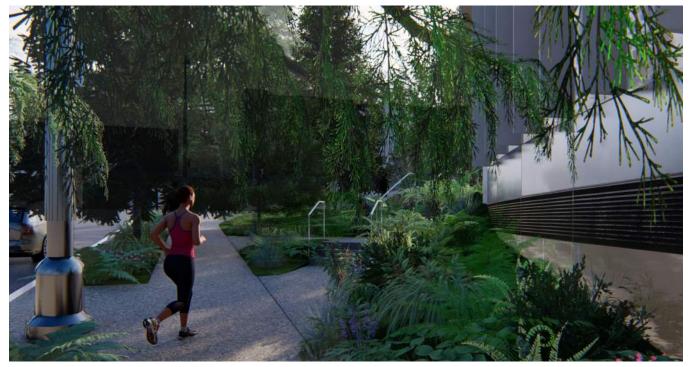
PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS (LOOKING



EXISTING CONDITIONS (LOOKING NORTH)



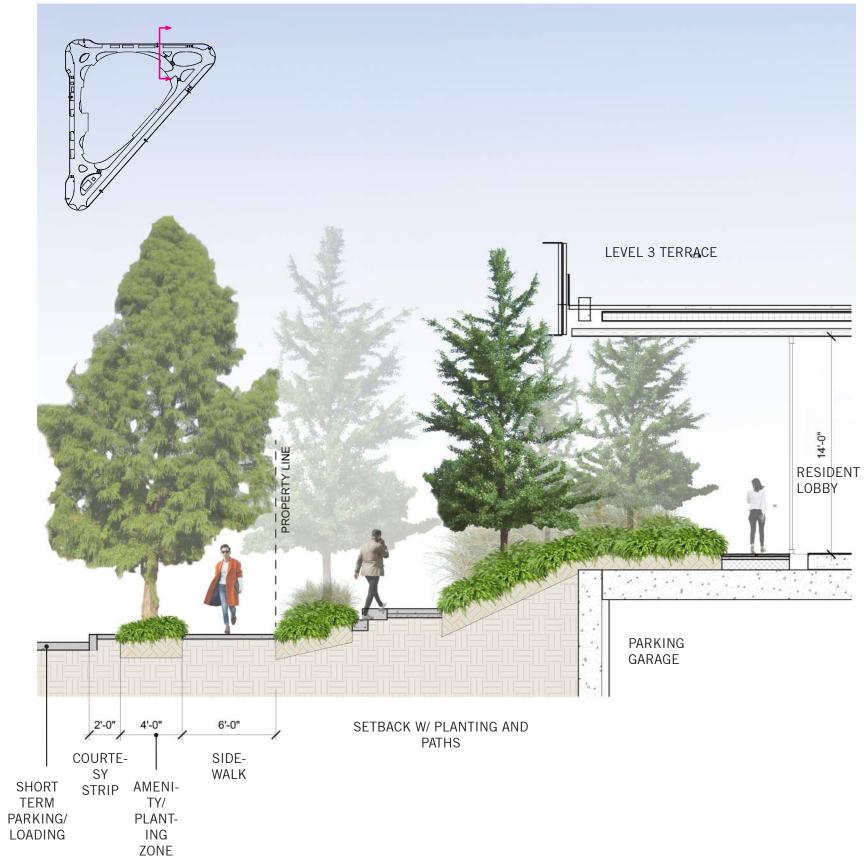
## **04 : LANDSCAPE - JOHN STREET**



PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS (LOOKING EAST)



EXISTING CONDITIONS (LOOKING EAST)



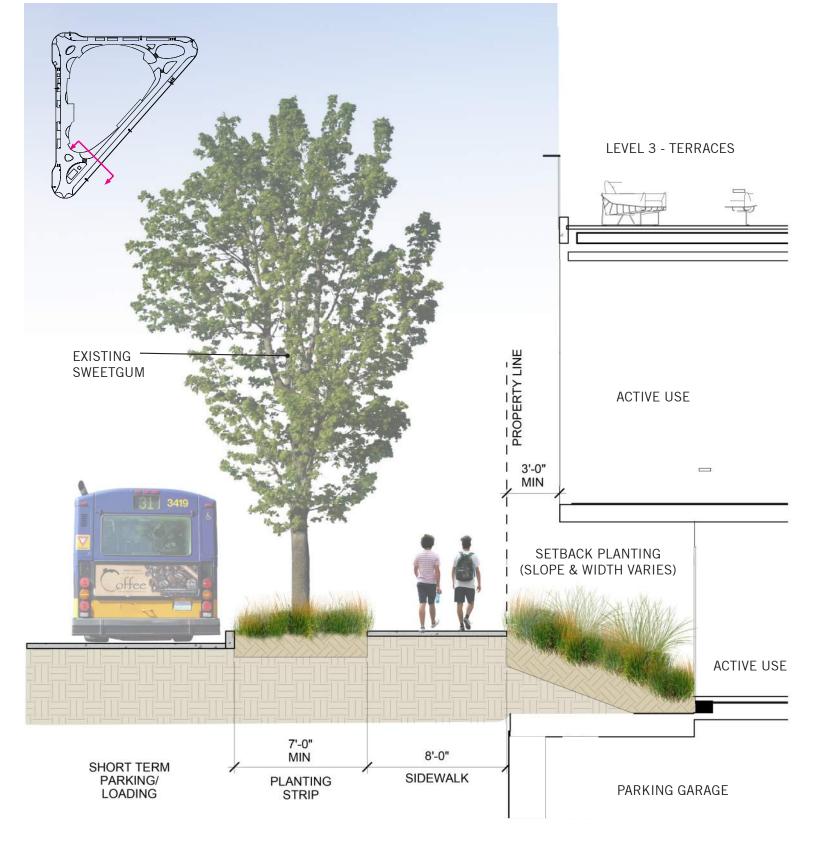
### **04 : LANDSCAPE : STEWART STREET**



PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS (LOOKING SOUTH-

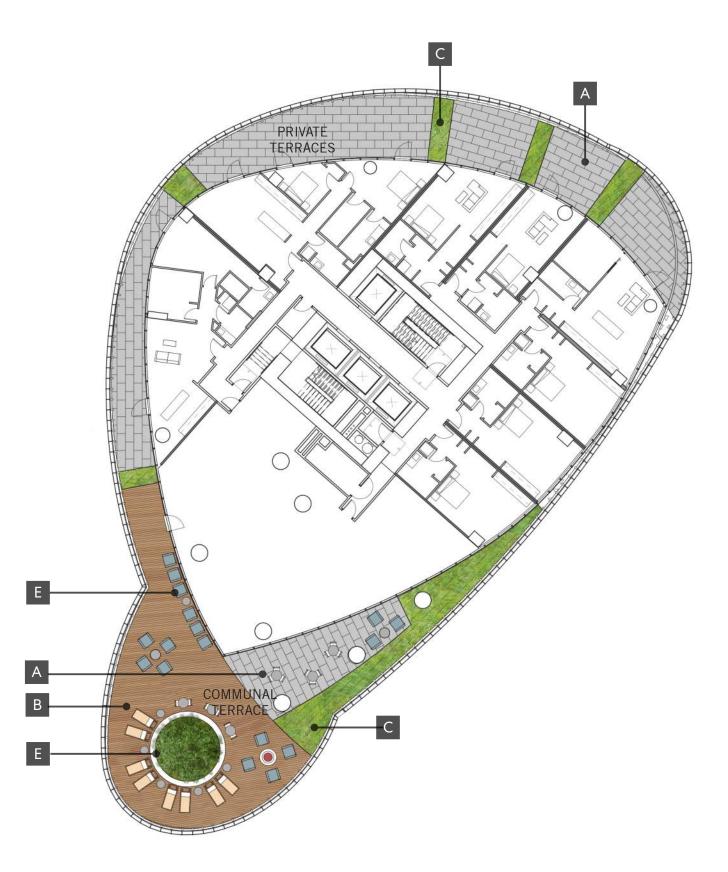






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## **04 : LANDSCAPE : LEVEL 03**



### MATERIALS

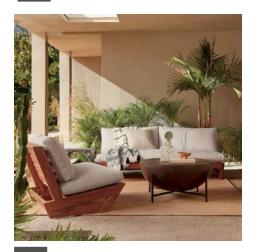
A





В WOOD PEDESTAL PAVER



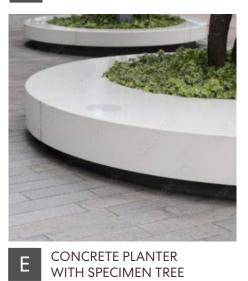


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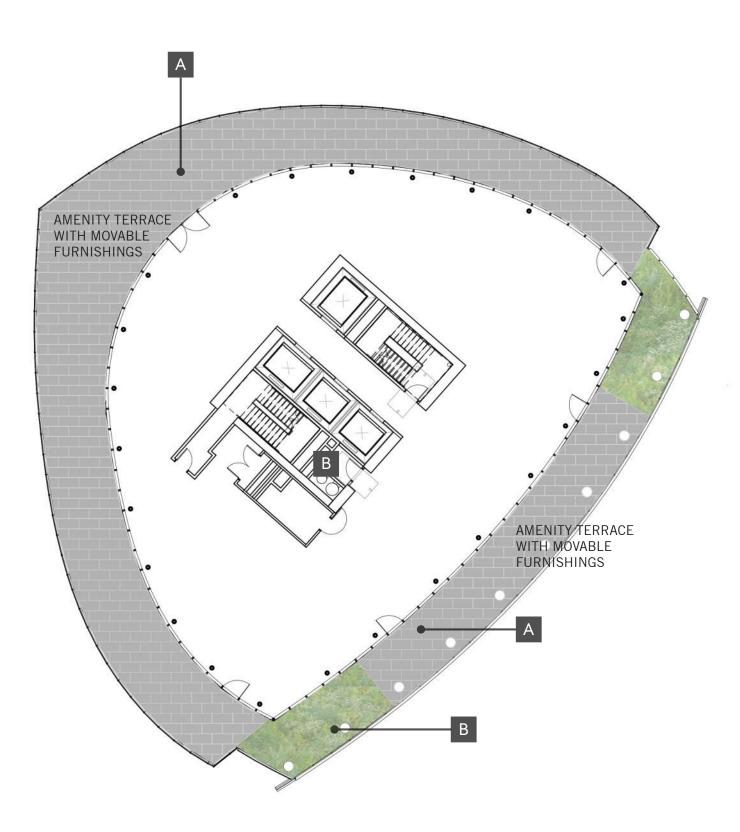


C

METAL PLANTERS



## **04 : LANDSCAPE : LEVEL 43**



### MATERIALS



PEDESTAL PAVER SYSTEM A



B LOW METAL PLANTER WALLS

### LEVEL 03 & 43 PLANTING



ARBUTUS MARINA (LEVEL O3)



ALLIUM ACUMINATUM



IRIS TENAX



KOELERIA MACRANTHA



CAMPANULA ROTUNDIFOLIA



CAREX PRAEGRACILIA



TRITELEIA IXIODES



OLYNIUM DOUGLASII





LILIUM COLUMBIANUM



DODECATHEON HENDERSONII



CALOCHORTUS TOLMIEI



ERIOPHYLLUM LANATAUM



HEUCHERA MICRANTHA





PENSTEMON RYDBERGII

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS ' LOUIS ED-



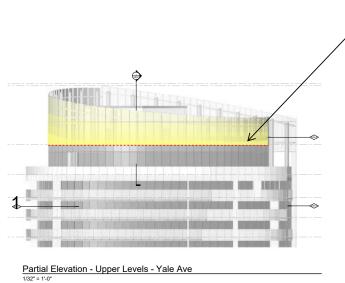
SISYRINCHIUM IDAHOENSE

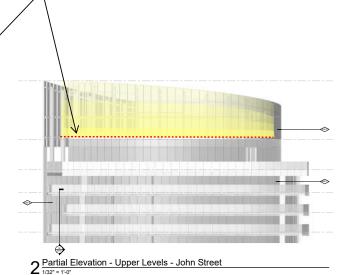


VIOLA PRAEMORSA

## **02.5 : Lighting Plan**

#### TOWER TOP LIGHTING CONCEPTS





-Uplight / Backlighting of Tower Screen

-Uplight / Backlighting of Tower Screen

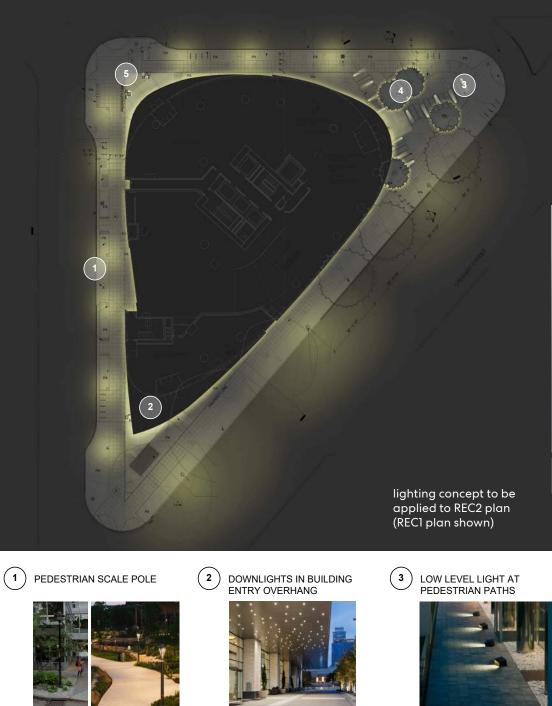
 $\odot$ 

3 Partial Elevation - Upper Levels - Stewart Street



4 Schematic Concept Rendering

#### SITE LIGHTING CONCEPTS



4 TREE ACCENT LIGHTS





5 FURNITURE INTEGRATED LIGHTING





#### PEDESTRIAN LUMINAIRE

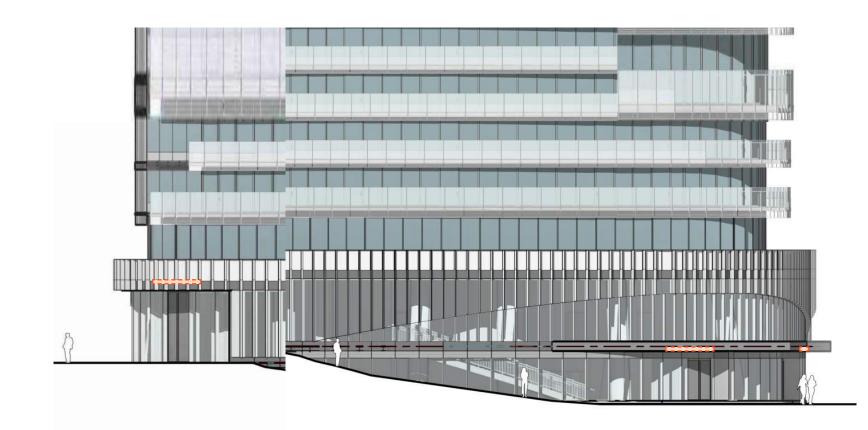
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# **02.6 : Appendix** / Signage Plan, Yale Avenue North



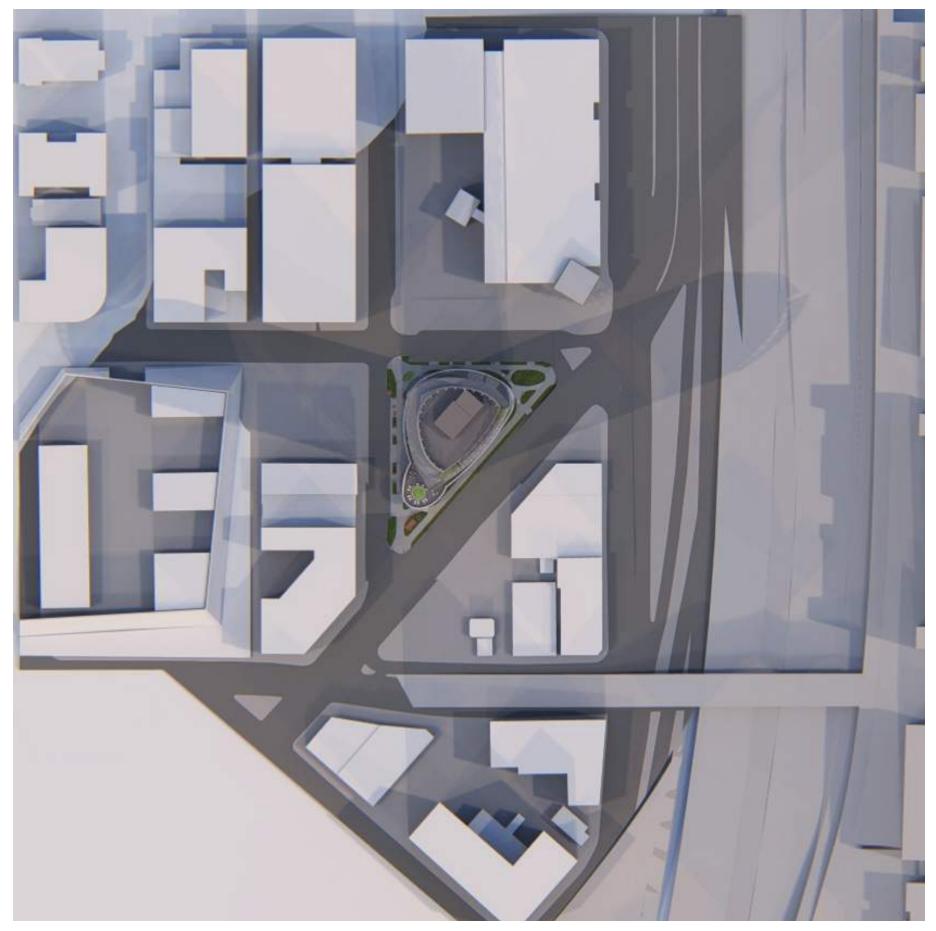
potential signage locations

# **02.6 : Appendix** / Signage Plan, John Street

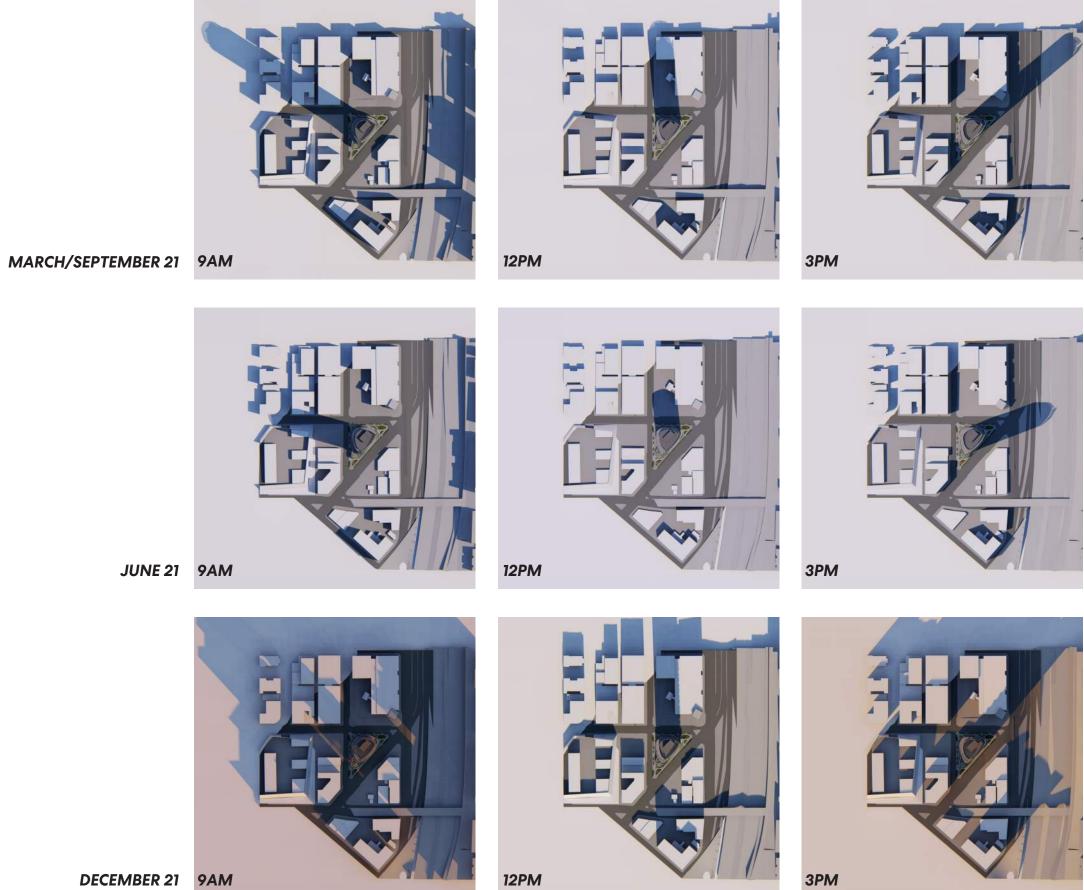




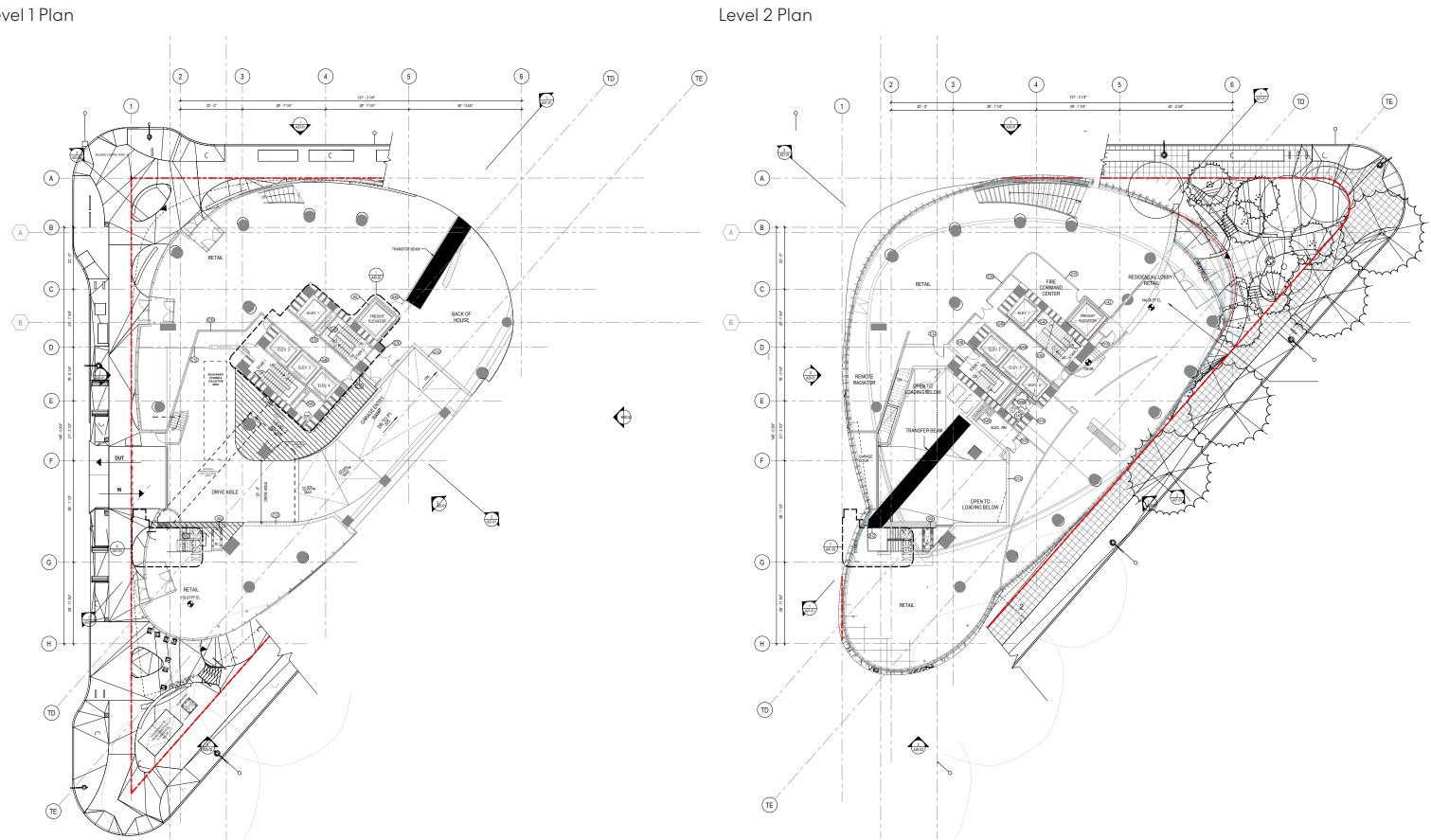
# **02.7 : Appendix** / Shadow Studies



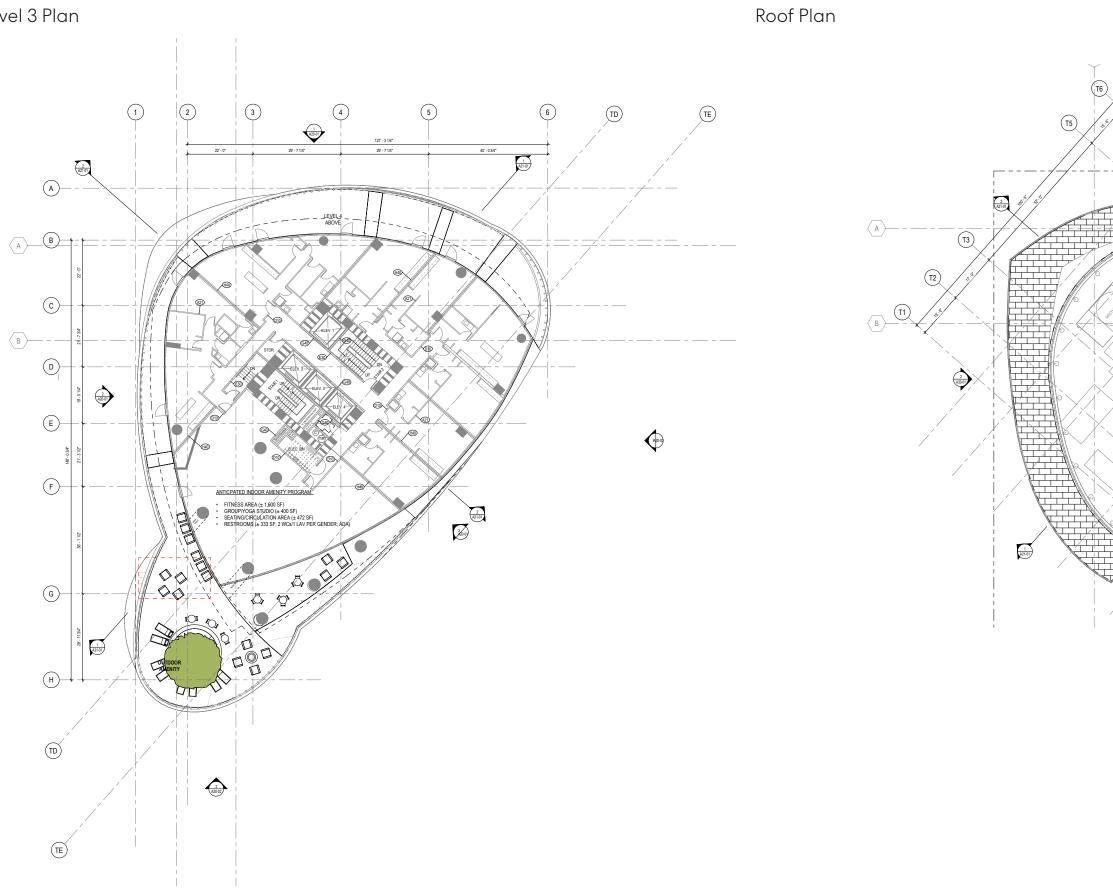
# **02.7 : Appendix** / Shadow Studies

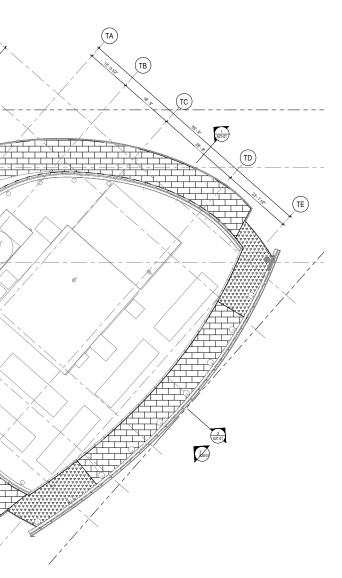


Level 1 Plan



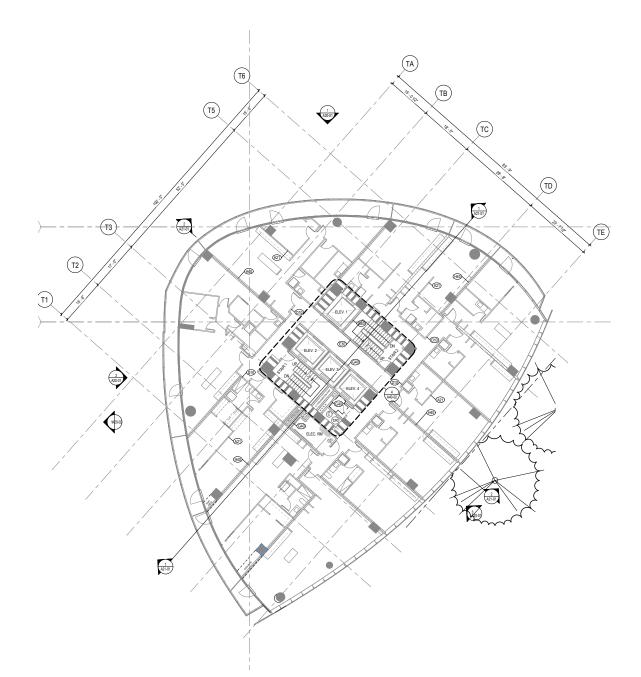
Level 3 Plan





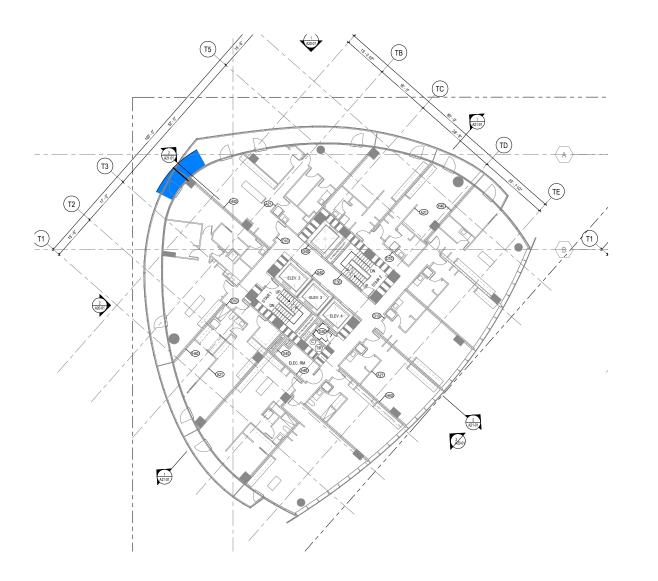
Level 4 Plan

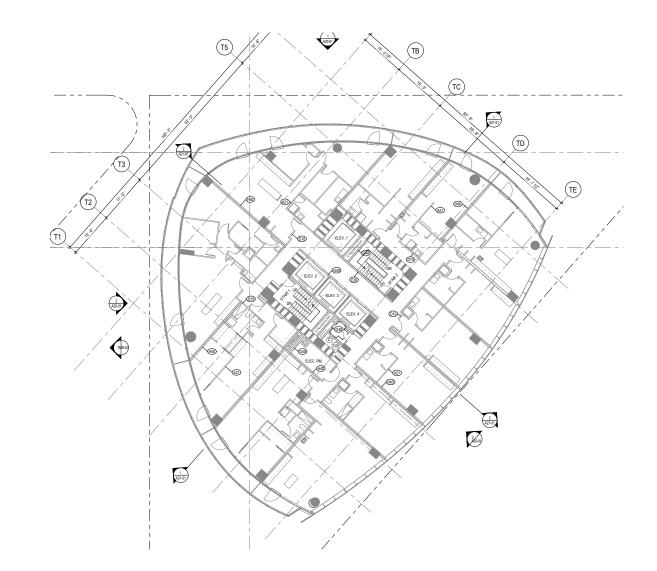
(16) (TA) 1 A20-01 (T5) ТВ TC 1 A21-01 TD (T3) (TE) (T2) (T1) 2 (221-03) 3 2009 1 A21-01



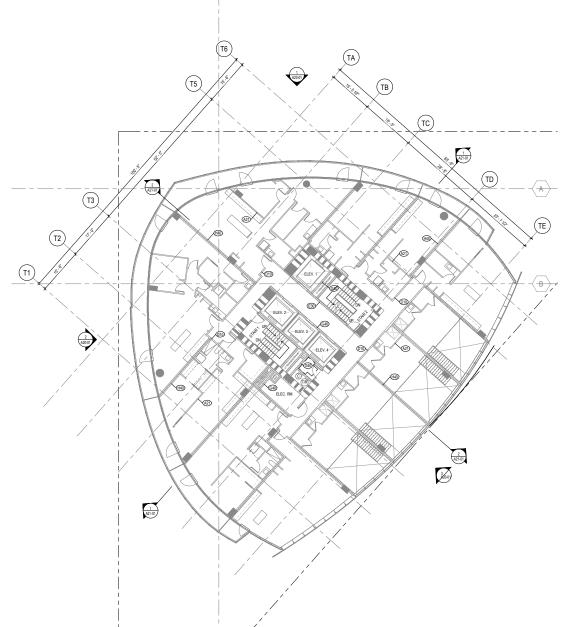
Level 5 Plan

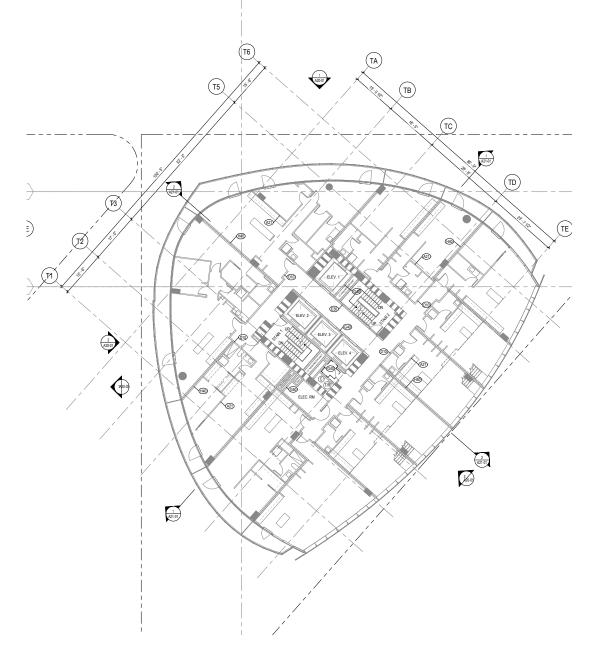
Levels 12-19 Plans



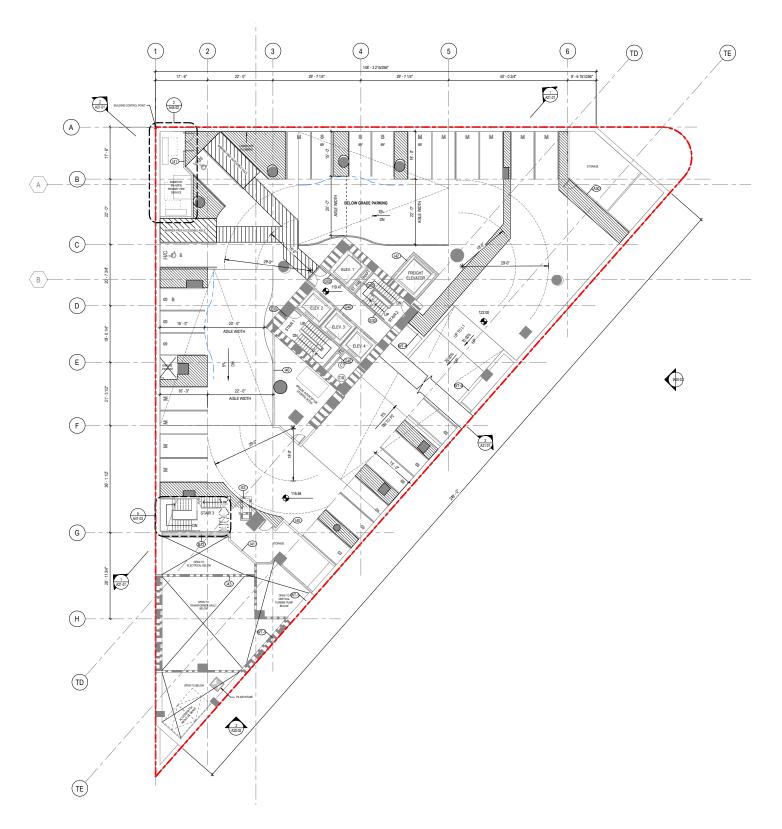


Levels 28-33 Plans





Parking plan



#### **ZONING STANDARD:**

SMC 23.48.240 - STREET-LEVEL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS IN SOUTH LAKE UNION URBAN CENTER:

#### Α.

Street-level development standards in section 23.48.040 apply to all streets in SM-SLU zones designated as class 1 pedestrian streets, class 2 pedestrian streets, or neighborhood green streets as shown on map a for 23.48.240.

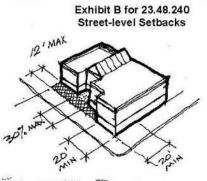
#### B.1.b

"The street-facing facade of a structure may be set back up to 12 feet from the street lot line subject to the following (Exhibit B for 23.48.240)

1) The setback area shall be landscaped according to the provisions of subsection 23.48.055.A.3;

2) Additional setbacks are permitted for up to 30 percent of the length of portions of the streetfacing facade that are set back from the street lot line, provided that the additional setback is located 20 feet or more from any street corner

3) Any required outdoor amenity area, or other required open space, or usable open space provided in accordance with subsections 23.48.240.E, 23.48.240.F, or 23.48.245.B.4.C is not considered part of the setback area and may extend beyond the limit on setbacks from the street lot line that would otherwise apply under subsections 23.48.240.B.1.B.2.



ADDITIONAL W 12 SETBACK

#### **DEPARTURE REQUEST:**

The preferred podium plan sets back further from the corners (per the diagrams) than specified in SMC 23.48.240; this would require a departure from the setback limits indicated in gray.

#### **RATIONALE:**

The preferred podium plan creates an enhanced pedestrian environment. Additional open space and plantings are accommodated in the increased space. The building at grade is set back from the busiest arterial street. Pedestrian safety is enhanced, and a sense of place and gateway is created by the sculptural engagement of the building with the site.

#### PL1.1 Public Life: Connectivity: Network of Open Spaces

Citywide Guideline: Complement and contribute to the network of open spaces around the site and the connections among them.

#### PL2.2 Public Life: Walkability: Walkways and Pedestrian Interest

Citywide Guideline: Create a safe and comfortable walking environment that is easy to navigate and well-connected to existing pedestrian walkways and features.

#### CS2.4 Context & Site: Urban Pattern & Form: Relationship to the Block

Citywide Guideline: Strengthen the most desirable forms, characteristics, and patterns of the streets, block faces, and open spaces in the surrounding area.

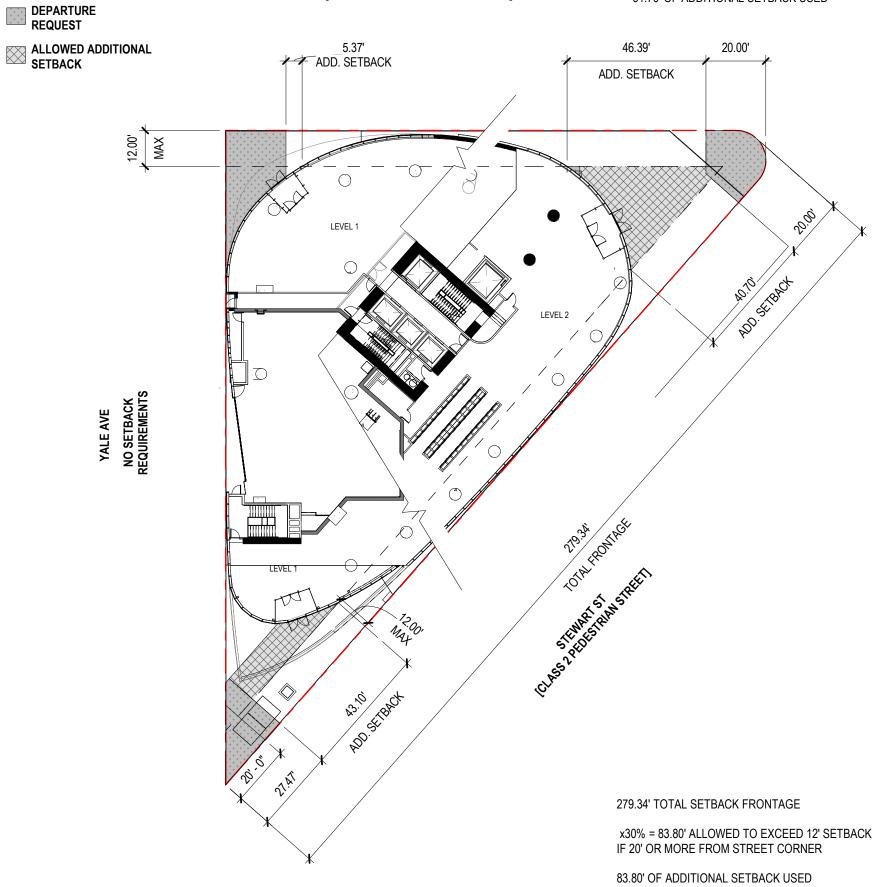
South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance a. All Corner Sites Emphasize the importance and/or amount of pedestrian activity at corners with widened pedestrian areas, landscaping, corner building entries, artwork, and other architectural features.

1

180.31' TOTAL SETBACK FRONTAGE

x30% = 54.09' ALLOWED TO EXCEED 12' SETBACK IF 20' OR MORE FROM STREET CORNER

51.76' OF ADDITIONAL SETBACK USED



JOHN ST [NEIGHBOORHOOD GREEN STREET]

#### **ZONING STANDARD:**

SMC 23.54.030 - PARKING SPACE AND ACCESS STANDARDS:

#### 1) Residential Uses

B) When more than five parking spaces are provided, a minimum of <u>60 percent of the parking</u> spaces shall be striped for medium vehicles.
The minimum size for a medium parking space shall also be the maximum size. Forty percent of the parking spaces may be striped for any size category in subsection 23.54.030.A, provided that when parking spaces are striped for large vehicles, the minimum required aisle width shall be as shown for medium vehicles.

3) <u>Driveway slope</u> for all uses. No portion of a driveway, whether located on a lot or on a rightof-way, shall exceed a slope of 15 percent, except as provided in this subsection 23.54.030.D.3. The maximum 15 percent slope shall apply in relation to both the current grade of the rightof-way to which the driveway connects, and to the proposed Vertical projectionished grade of the right-of-way if it is different from the current grade. The ends of a driveway shall be adjusted to accommodate an appropriate crest and sag. The director may permit a driveway slope or more than 15 percent if it is found that:

A) The topography or other special characteristic of the lot makes a 15 percent maximum driveway slope infeasible

B) The additional amount of slope permitted is the least amount necessary to accommodate the conditions of the lot

C) The driveway is still usable as access to the lot

#### **DEPARTURE REQUEST:**

A departure is requested from the 60/40 medium stall/other stall ratio. The reduced ratio provided is due to site constraint.

Additionally, we request the Board's support for an exception to the 15% ramp slope to provide a 20% ramp slope instead.

#### **RATIONALE:**

For parking and ramping, the site geometry and topography are limiting factors. On the page to the right a comparison is shown between the proposed core plan configuration that is best for podium and open space planning, and an alternative core plan that would not require a departure. The pedestrian and open space design concepts should take precedence over the parking stall type ratio. A lesser slope for the ramp would reduce the amount of street level program space considerably.

PL1.1 Public Life: Connectivity: Network of Open Spaces

Citywide Guideline: Complement and contribute to the network of open spaces around the site and the connections among them.

PL2.2 Public Life: Walkability: Walkways and Pedestrian Interest

Citywide Guideline: Create a safe and comfortable walking environment that is easy to navigate and well-connected to existing pedestrian walkways and features.

#### CS2.4

#### Context & Site: Urban Pattern & Form: Relationship to the Block

Citywide Guideline: Strengthen the most desirable forms, characteristics, and patterns of the streets, block faces, and open spaces in the surrounding area.

South Lake Union Supplemental Guidance a. All Corner Sites

Emphasize the importance and/or amount of pedestrian activity at corners with widened pedestrian areas, landscaping, corner building entries, artwork, and other architectural features.

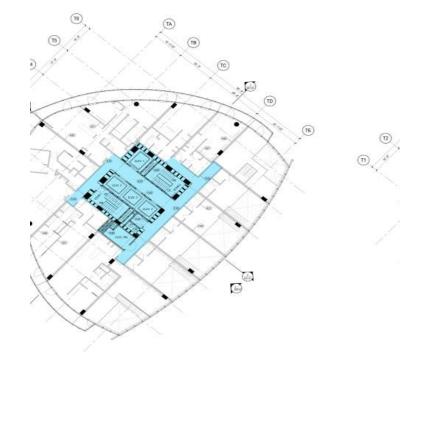
#### **DC1. Project Uses and Activities**

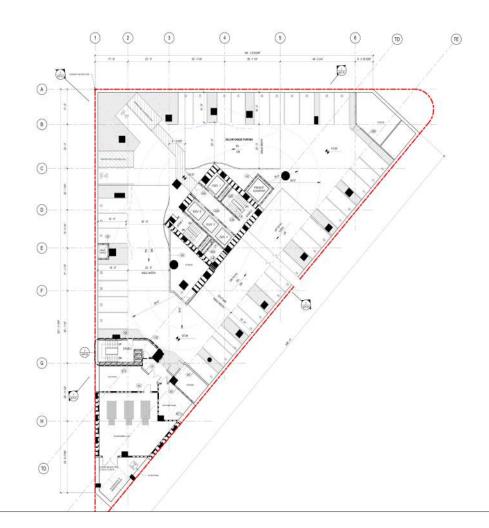
A. Arrangement of Interior UsesB. Vehicular Access and CirculationC. Parking and Service Uses



### PROPOSED PLAN:

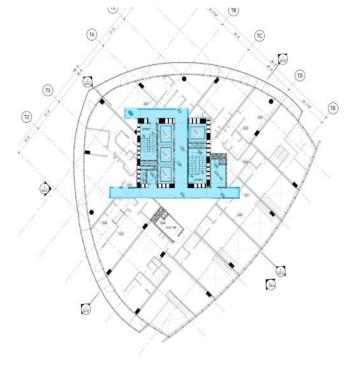
Best for tower/podium/open space relationship. Departure required.

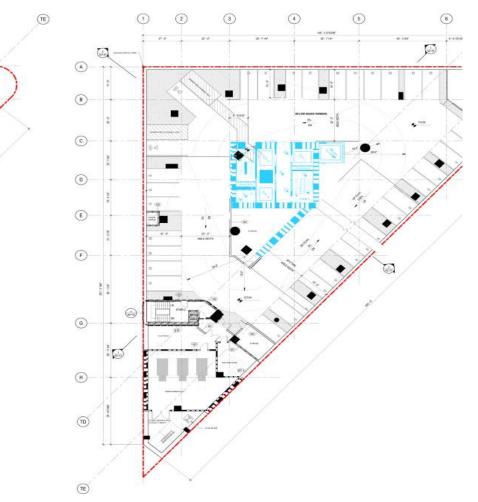




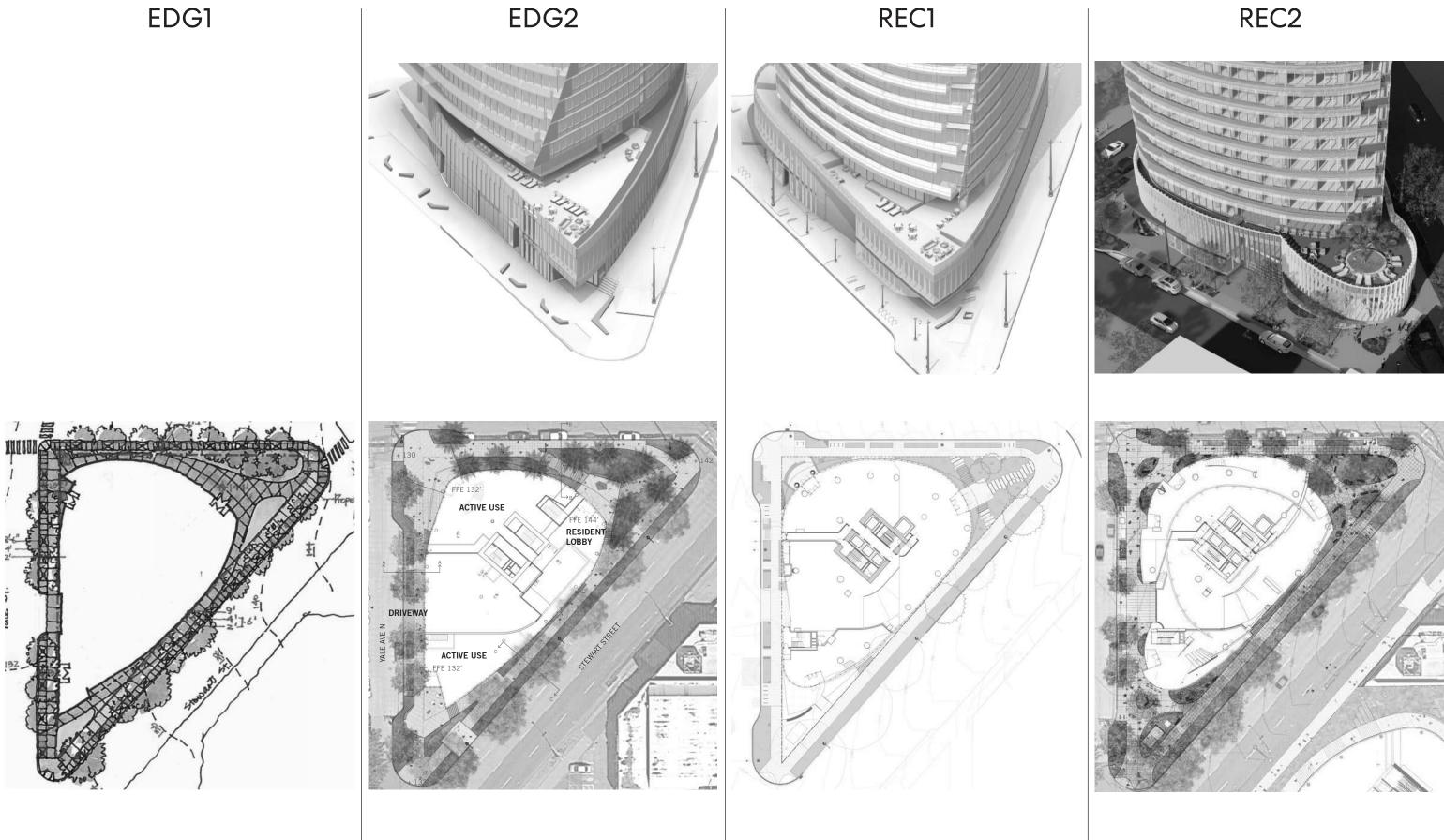
#### ALTERNATE PLAN:

No departure required. Not feasible for preferred tower/podium/open space relationship.

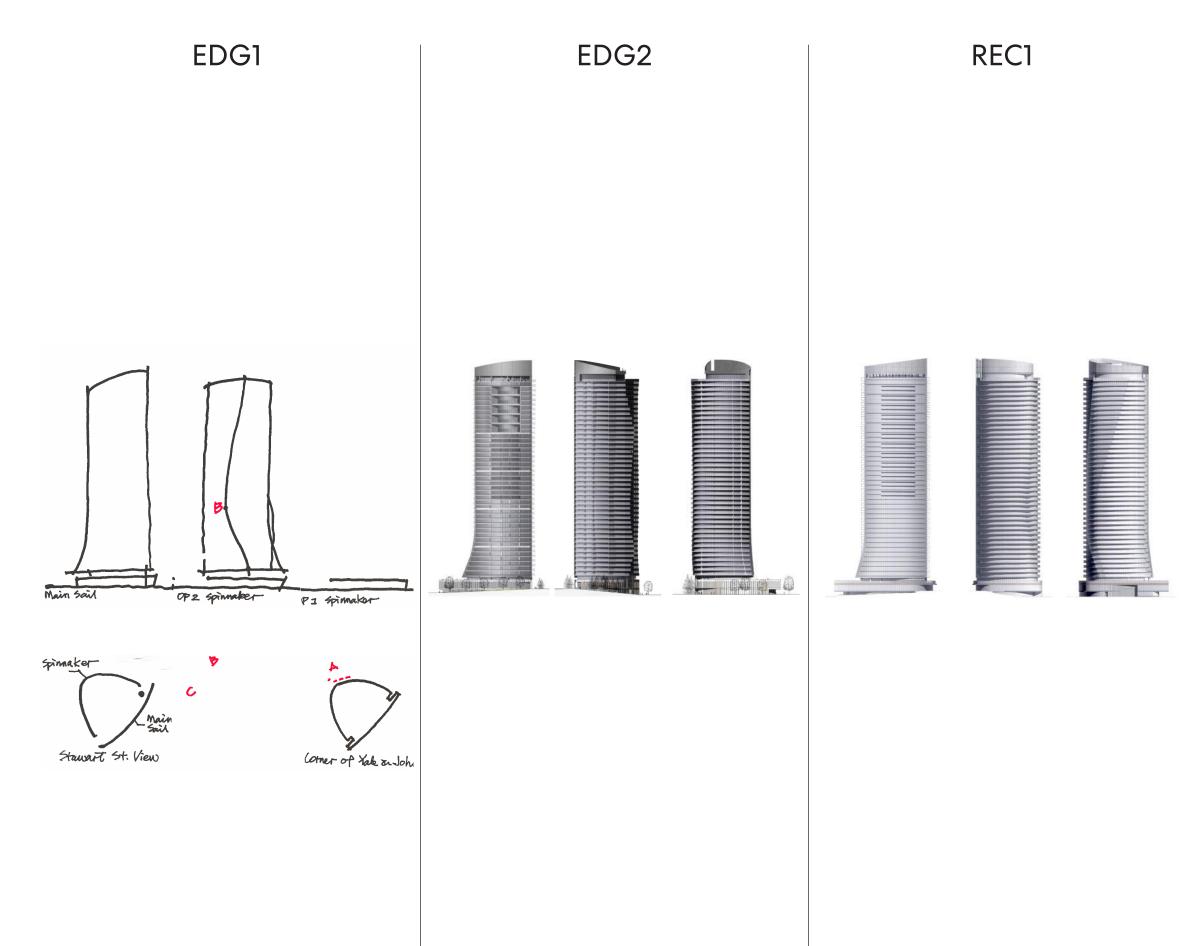


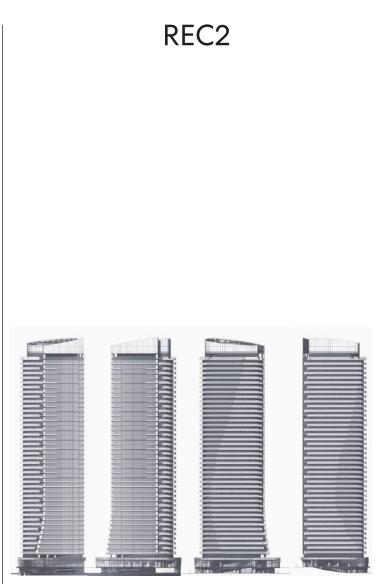


### **02.10 : Progression**/ Site and Podium

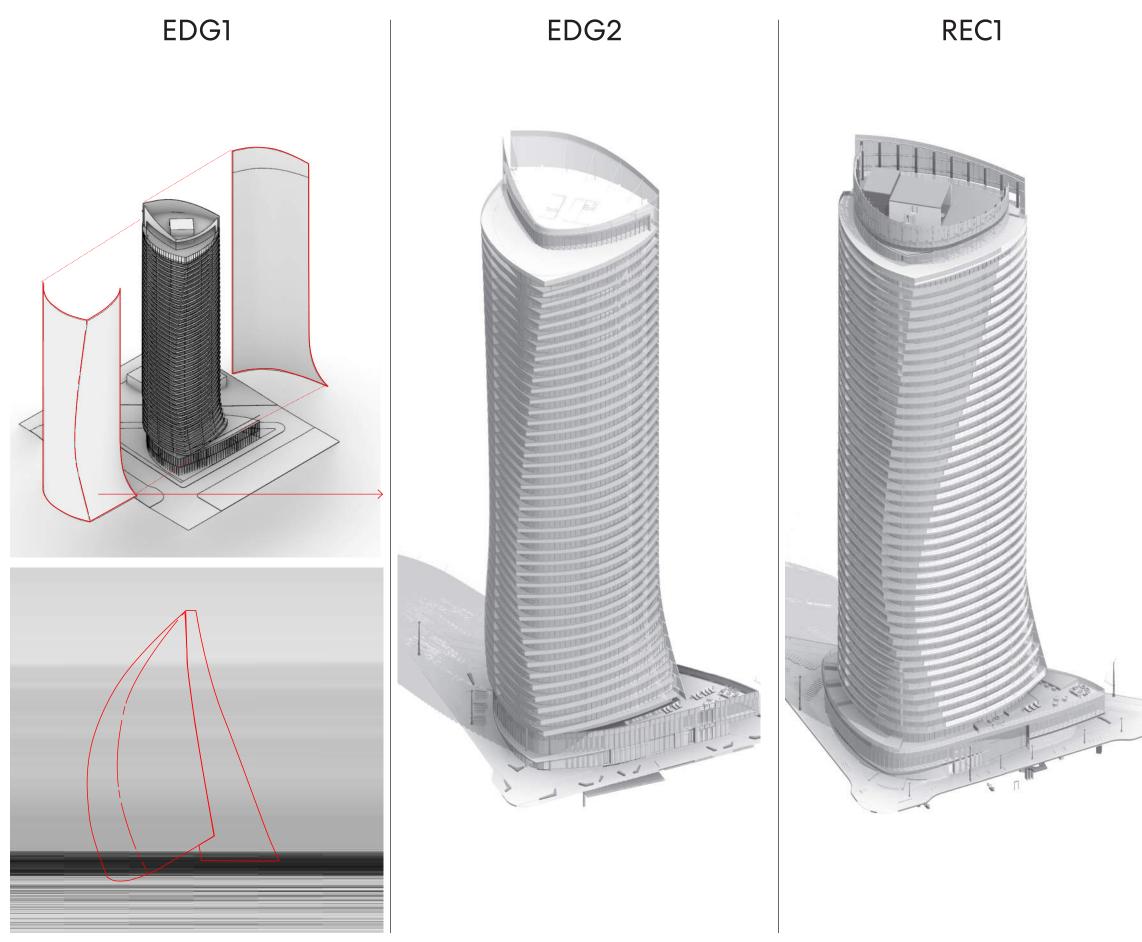


### **02.10 : Progression**/ Tower and intermediate scale



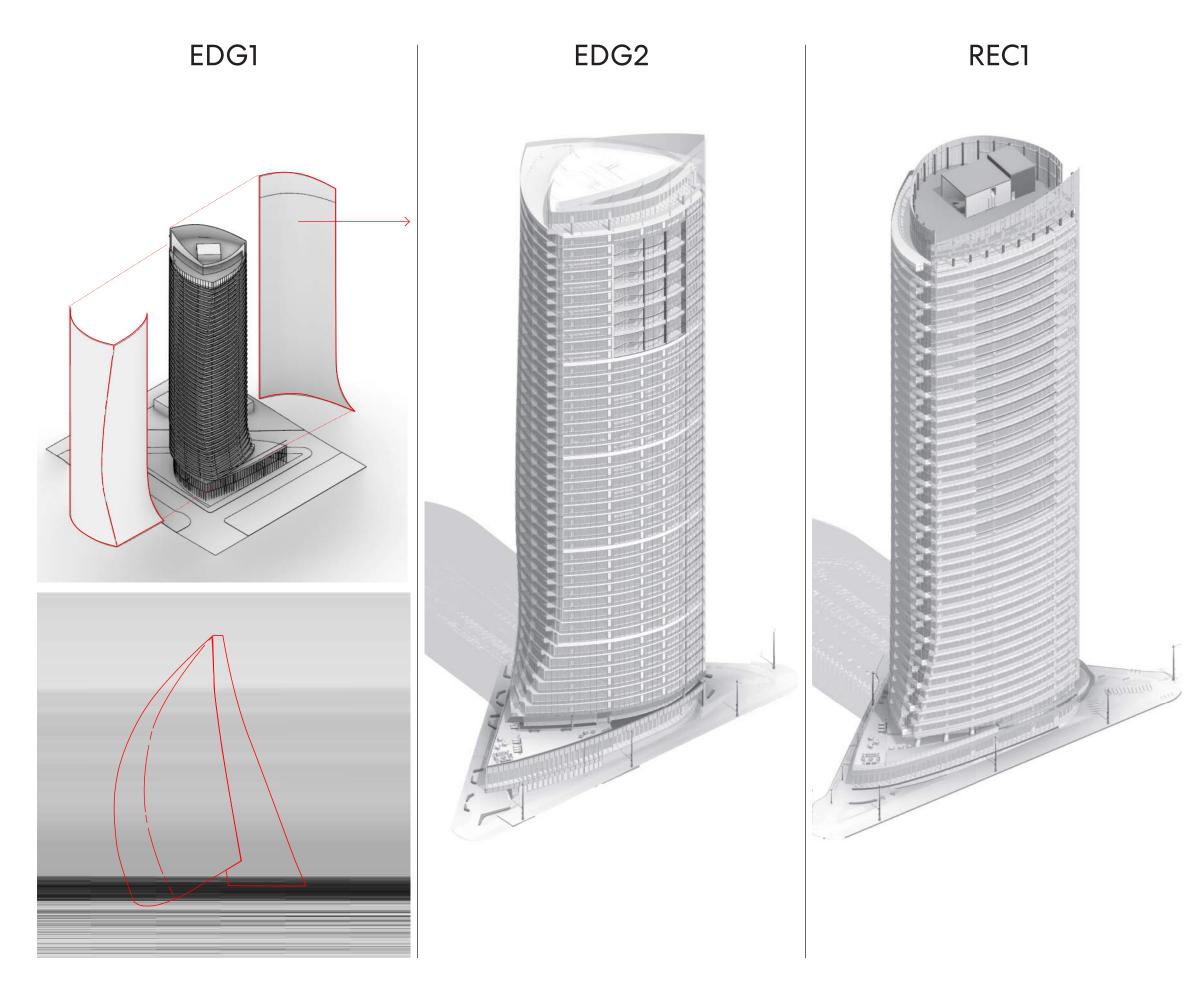


### **02.10 : Progression**/ Intermediate scale north and west (Yale and John)





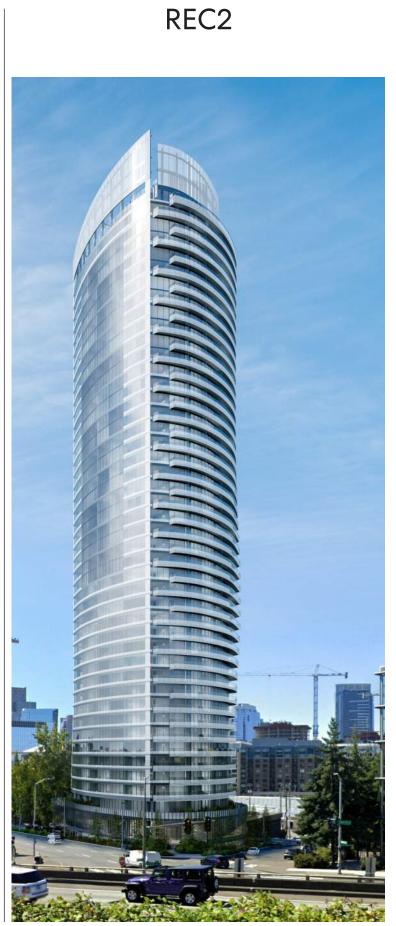
# **02.10 : Progression**/ Intermediate scale southeast (Stewart)





### **02.10 : Progression**/ Intermediate scale (Stewart and John)

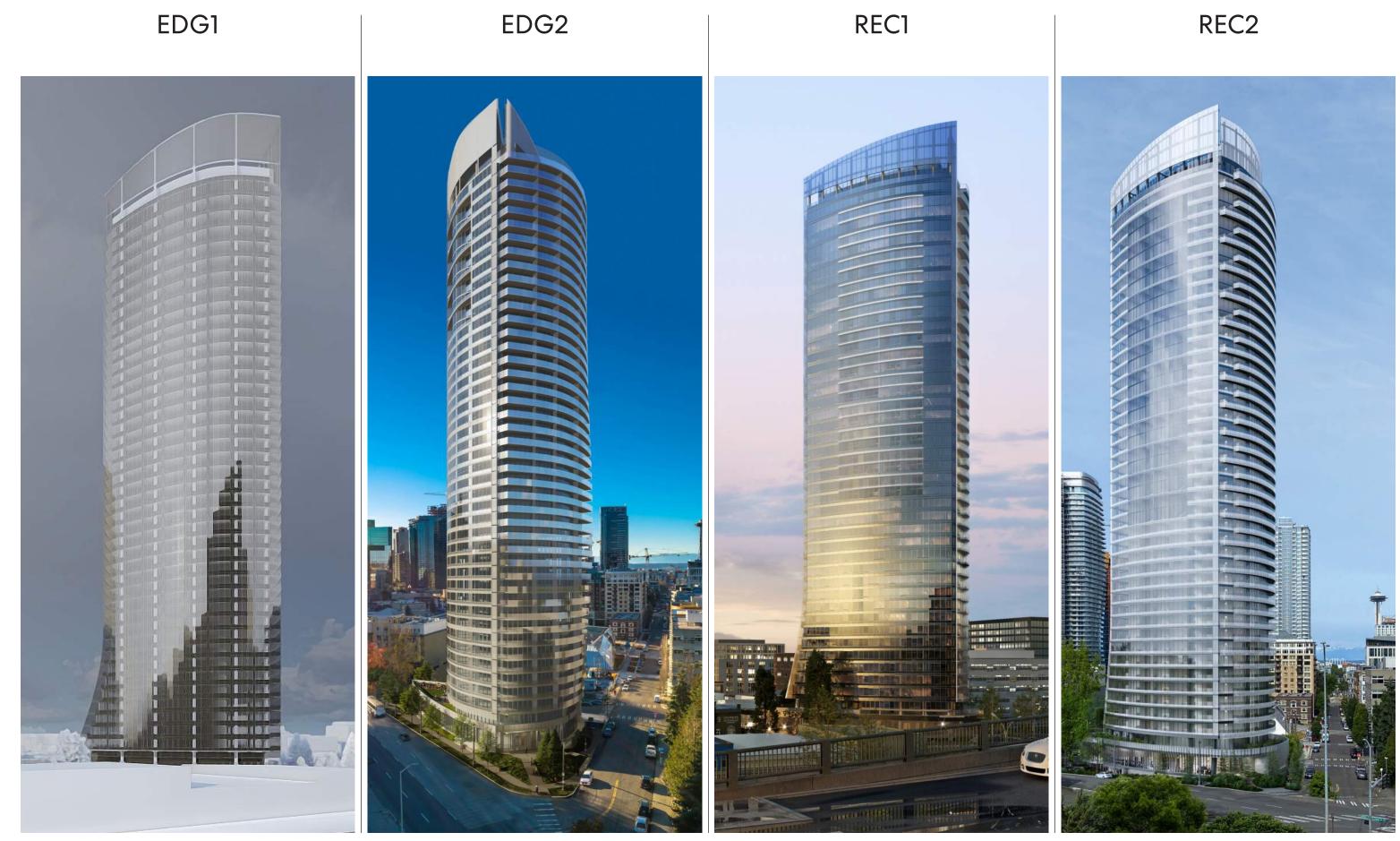




# **02.10 : Progression**/ Intermediate scale (John and Yale)



### **02.10 : Progression**/ Intermediate scale (Stewart)



# **02.10 : Progression**/ Pedestrian scale

